Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10518213.str

```
chain nodes :
25  26  28  29  30  32
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24
chain bonds :
2-25 11-25 15-30 18-28 23-30 26-28 28-29
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18
14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24
exact/norm bonds :
2-25 11-25 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24 26-28 28-29
exact bonds :
15-30 18-28 23-30
normalized bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18
14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18
isolated ring systems :
containing 1 : 7 : 13 : 19 :
Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom
20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:Atom 28:CLASS
29:CLASS 30:CLASS 32:Atom 33:Atom
Generic attributes :
32:
Saturation
                     : Unsaturated
Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7
Number of Hetero Atoms : Exactly 1
Type of Ring System
                    : Monocyclic
Element Count :
Node 32: Limited
   C,C5
   N,N1
   0,00
   S, S0
```

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STF

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

 \Rightarrow s 11 sss sam

chain nodes :

25 26 27 28 29 31

isolated ring systems : containing 1 : 7 : 13 : 19 :

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:05:51 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 44 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 44 ITERATIONS 5 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 483 TO 1277
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L2 5 SEA SSS SAM L1

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10518213 (a).str

ring nodes:
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24
chain bonds:
2-25 4-31 9-26 11-25 15-29 18-27 23-29 26-27 27-28
ring bonds:
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18
14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24
exact/norm bonds:
2-25 4-31 9-26 11-25 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24 26-27 27-28
exact bonds:
15-29 18-27 23-29
normalized bonds:
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18
14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18

```
Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom
20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS
 29:CLASS 31:Atom
Generic attributes :
31:
Saturation
                     : Unsaturated
Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7
Number of Hetero Atoms : Exactly 1
Type of Ring System
                    : Monocyclic
Element Count :
Node 31: Limited
    C,C5
   N,N1
   0,00
   S,SO
L3
       STRUCTURE UPLOADED
=> d 13
L3 HAS NO ANSWERS
L3
               STR
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.
=> s 13 sss sam
SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:08:22 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 174 TO ITERATE
100.0% PROCESSED
                     174 ITERATIONS
                                                              5 ANSWERS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01
FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**
                       BATCH **COMPLETE**
PROJECTED ITERATIONS:
                             2689 TO 4271
PROJECTED ANSWERS:
                               5 TO
                                        234
L4
             5 SEA SSS SAM L3
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10518213 (b).str
```

```
chain nodes :
25  26  27  28  29  31
                     33 34
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
                     9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
24
chain bonds : '
2-25 4-31 9-26 11-25 12-33 15-29 18-27 20-34 23-29 26-27 27-28.
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 7-8 7-12 8-9 9-10 10-11 11-12 13-14 13-18
14-15 15-16 16-17 17-18 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24
exact/norm bonds :
2-25 4-31 9-26 11-25 19-20 19-24 20-21 21-22 22-23 23-24 26-27 27-28
exact bonds :
12-33 15-29 18-27 20-34 23-29
normalized bonds :
isolated ring systems :
containing 1 : 7 : 13 : 19 :
Match level :
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 10:Atom
11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:Atom 16:Atom 17:Atom 18:Atom 19:Atom 20:Atom 21:Atom 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS
 29:CLASS 31:Atom 33:CLASS 34:CLASS
Generic attributes :
31:
Saturation
                     : Unsaturated
Number of Carbon Atoms : less than 7
Number of Hetero Atoms : Exactly 1
Type of Ring System : Monocyclic
Element Count :
Node 31: Limited
   C,C5
   N,N1
   0,00
   S,S0
```

=> d 15

L5 HAS NO ANSWERS

L5 STR

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 15 sss sam

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:18:46 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 174 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 174 ITERATIONS

5 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2689 TO 4271
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L6 5 SEA SSS SAM L5

=> s 15 sss ful

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:18:53 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3892 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3892 ITERATIONS 104 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L7 104 SEA SSS FUL L5

=> => s 17

L8 2911 L7

=> s mesyl?

L9 15495 MESYL?

=> s hydrat?

L10 237801 HYDRAT?

=> s 19 or 110

L11 253097 L9 OR L10

=> s 18 and 111

L12 1175 L8 AND L11

=> s 18 and 19

L13 1155 L8 AND L9

=> s 113 and 110

L14 6 L13 AND L10

=> d 114 1-6 bib, ab, hitstr

```
ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L14
ΑN
     2006:1337749 CAPLUS
DN
     146:93522
     Diagnostic and therapeutic methods for use of dasatinib in
ΤI
     imatinib-resistant cancers and/or individuals with oncogenic c-kit gene
     mutations
ΙN
     Lee, Francis Y.; Heinrich, Michael C.
PA
     Bristol-Myers Squibb Company, USA; The United States of America as
     Represented by the Department of Veteran Affairs; Oregon Health and
     Science University
     PCT Int. Appl., 115pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     ------
                         ____
                                            ______
     WO 2006135790
                                20061221
PΤ
                                            WO 2006-US22564
                                                                   20060609
                          A1
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, QE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
             KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
             MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,
             SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-689113P
                         Ρ
                                20050609
     US 2005-736668P
                          Ρ
                                20051115
     US 2005-748418P
                          Ρ
                                20051208
     The invention relates to methods of identifying and treating individuals
AB
     with protein tyrosine kinase associated disorders that have, or may, become
     resistant to treatment with a kinase inhibitor such as imatinib due to a
     gain-of- function mutation in c-kit tyrosine kinase. The invention claims
     methods, such as allele-specific PCR, for detection of gene c-kit
     mutations that result in substitutions of tyrosine, phenylalanine, valine,
     or histidine for the wild-type aspartic acid at residue 816 of the c-kit
     protein. Methods of treatment include administering dasatinib/BMS-354815
     alone or in combination with another kinase inhibitor, specifically
     rapamycin. BMS-354815 inhibited ligand-dependent autophosphorylation of
     wild-type c-kit kinase and ligand-dependent cell proliferation in a human
    myeloid leukemia cell line. BMS-354815 also inhibited cell proliferation
     and induced apoptosis in c-kit V560G mutant cells and in a spontaneously
     occurring murine mastocytosis cell line which expresses a KIT D814Y
    mutation that is homologous to the human D816Y mutation. Imatinib
     inhibited the kinase activity of wild-type c-kit but showed minimal
     activity towards K816Y, D816F, or D816V mutant c-kit proteins. The c-kit
    mutations in codon 816 are in the activating loop region and
     gain-of-function point mutations have been reported in systemic mast cell
     disorders (D816Y, D816F), AML (D816Y), and seminomas (D816Y, D816H).
     Dasatinib/BMS-354825 blocked phosphorylation of MAPK1/2 and STAT3, which
     are c-kit dependent downstream signaling pathways. Combining dasatinib
    with rapamycin had an additive to synergistic anti-proliferative effect on
     cells expressing D816V c-kit protein.
     152459-95-5, Imatinib 220127-57-1, Imatinib
TΤ
    mesylate
```

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(diagnostic and therapeutic methods for use of dasatinib in imatinib-resistant cancers and/or individuals with oncogenic c-kit gene mutations)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L14
AN
      2005:1259339 CAPLUS
DN
      144:17165
TI
      Method of using, and compositions comprising, immunomodulatory compounds
      for the treatment and management of myeloproliferative diseases
ΙN
      Zeldis, Jerome B.
PΑ
      Celgene Corporation, USA
      PCT Int. Appl., 59 pp.
SO
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                              KIND
                                                    APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                DATE
                              ____
                                                     -----
PΙ
      WO 2005112928
                                      20051201
                                                    WO 2004-US14003
                               Α1
                                                                                20040505
          W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, FD, II, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
               LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
          NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TC
               SN, TD, TG
      AU 2004319816
                                      20051201
                                                    AU 2004-319816
                               Α1
                                                                               20040505
      CA 2565447
                               Α1
                                      20051201
                                                    CA 2004-2565447
                                                                               20040505
      EP 1746995
                                      20070131
                               Α1
                                                    EP 2004-751399
                                                                               20040505
               AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, HR, LT, LV, MK
      CN 1984657
                               Α
                                      20070620
                                                    CN 2004-80043535
                                                                               20040505
      KR 2007019754
                               Α
                                      20070215
                                                    KR 2006-725518
                                                                               20061204
PRAI WO 2004-US14003
                               Α
                                      20040505
OS
      MARPAT 144:17165
AB
      Methods of treating, preventing, and/or managing a myeloproliferative
      disease are disclosed. Specific methods encompass the administration of
      an immunomodulatory compound, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt,
      solvate, hydrate, stereoisomer, clathrate, or prodrug thereof,
      alone or in combination with a second active agent, and/or the
      transplantation of blood or cells. Particular second active agents are
      capable of suppressing the overprodn. of hematopoietic stem cells or
      ameliorating one or more of the symptoms of a myeloproliferative disease.
      Pharmaceutical compns., single unit dosage forms, and kits suitable for
      use in methods of the invention are also disclosed.
ΙT
      220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate 220127-57-1D,
      Imatinib mesylate, derivs.
      RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
      activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (immunomodulators, alone or in combination with other agents, for
         treatment of myeloproliferative diseases)
      220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
CN
      pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
           152459-95-5
     CMF
           C29 H31 N7 O
```

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L14
     ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
     2005:1259275 CAPLUS
DN
     144:582
ΤI
     Methods of using, and compositions comprising, selective cytokine
     inhibitory drugs for the treatment and management of myeloproliferative
     diseases
IN
     Zeldis, Jerome B.
PA
     Celgene Corporation, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                  DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                       DATE
     -----
PΙ
     WO 2005112917
                           Α1
                                 \ 20051201
                                              WO 2004-US14001
                                                                       20040505
              AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,/BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
              CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
              GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, XL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
              LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
              NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
              TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
              AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
              EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, SI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     AU 2004319814
                                  20051201
                                              AU 2004-319814
                           A1
                                                                       20040505
     CA 2565445
                                  20051201
                                              CA 2004-2565445
                           A1
                                                                       20040505
     EP 1746989
                           A1
                                  20070131
                                              EP 2004-751397
                                                                       20040505
                              QY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, NL, PL, PT, RØ, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, HR, LT, LV, MK
             AT, BE, BG, CH,
              IT, LI, LU, MC,
     CN 1984652
                           Α
                                  20070620
                                              CN 2004-80043536
                                                                       20040505
                                              KR 2006-725516
                                                                       20061204
     KR 2007007203
                           Α
                                  20070112
PRAI WO 2004-US14001
                           Α
                                  20040505
     MARPAT 144:582
AB
     Methods of treating, preventing, and/or managing a myeloproliferative
     disease are disclosed. Specific methods encompass the administration of a
     selective cytokine inhibitory drug, or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt,
     solvate, hydrate, stereoisomer, clathrate, or prodrug thereof,
     alone or in combination with a second active agent, and/or the
     transplantation of blood or cells. Particular second active agent is
     capable of suppressing the overprodn. of hematopoietic stem cells or
     ameliorating one or more of the symptoms of MPD. Pharmaceutical compns.,
     single unit dosage forms, and kits suitable for use in methods of the
     invention are also disclosed.
ΙT
     220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate 220127-57-1D,
     Imatinib mesylate, derivs.
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological
     activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cytokine inhibitors, alone or in combination with other agents, for
        treatment of myeloproliferative diseases)
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 152459-95-5
```

CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

```
L14
    ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2004:1059344 CAPLUS
     142:43785
DN
     Novel polymorphs of imatinib mesylate
TI
     Parthasaradhi Reddy, Bandi; Rathnakar Reddy, Kura; Raji Reddy, Rapolu;
IN
     Muralidhara Reddy, Dasari; Subash Chander Reddy, Kesireddy
PA
     Hetero Drugs Limited, India
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 13 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                               DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                 DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                               _____
                                          -----
                                                                 _____
                     A1 20041209 WO 2003-IN206
                                                                 20030602
PΙ
    WO 2004106326
        PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
        TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
            FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
            BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                               20040828
                                         IN 2003-CN851
                                                                 20030602
     IN 194051
                        A1
     IN 2003CN00851
                        Α
                               20050422
                                        AU 2003-237596
    AU 2003237596
                        A1
                               20050121
                                                                 20030602
                        T1
    TR 200504337
                               20061221
                                         TR 2005-4337
                                                                 20030602
                       Α
     IN 2004CH00500
                               20060602
                                         IN 2004-CH500
                                                                 20040602
                       A1
                                        US 2004-518213
     US 2005234069
                               20051020
                                                                 20041216
PRAI WO 2003-IN206
                        W
                               20030602
     Polymorphs of imatinib mesylate, and processes for their preparation
     and pharmaceutical compns. containing them is claimed. Imatinib
    mesylate is prepared from imatinib free base by dissolved in a
     chlorinated solvent and reacting with methanesulfonic acid. The crystalline
     form of imatinib mesylate characterized by an X-ray powder
    diffraction spectrum. Imatinib mesylate hydrate is
    prepared by dissolving imatinib mesylate in a mixture of a suitable
    solvent and water and removing the solvents from the solution An example
    describes the preparation of imatinib mesylate by dissolving imatinib
     free base (5.0 gm) chloroform (50 mL) at room temperature and then
    methanesulfonic acid (0.75 mL) is added. The contents are stirred for 5 h \,
    at room temperature and separated crystals are filtered and dried to give 5.0
gm of
     imatinib mesylate form H1.
     220127-57-1P, Imatinib mesylate
ΙT
     RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
        (polymorphs of imatinib mesylate and preparation of imatinib
       mesylate hydrates and pharmaceutical compns. containing
       them)
    220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
    Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-
CN
    pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
    CM
         1
    CRN
        152459-95-5
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CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (polymorphs of imatinib mesylate and preparation of imatinib mesylate hydrates and pharmaceutical compns. containing them)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L14
         ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
         2004:691283
                                CAPLUS
DN
         141:207230
         Preparation of imatinib and salts by reaction of N-(2-methyl-5-aminophenyl-
TТ
          4-(3-pyridyl)-2-pyrimidinamine with 4-(4-methylpiperazinylmethyl)benzoyl
         halides.
ΙN
         Kankan, Rajendra Narayanrao; Rao, Dharmaraj Ramachandra
PΑ
         Cipla Limited, India
SO
         Brit. UK Pat. Appl., 34 pp.
         CODEN: BAXXDU
DT
         Patent
LA
         English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                           DATE
         PATENT NO.
                                              KIND
                                                                                                                          DATE
                                                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                              _---
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                                                                                                                          20030218
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                                               Α2
                                                           20040902
                                                                                AU 2004-213616
                                                                                                                          20040108
         AU 2004213616
                                               A1
                                                           20040902
         CA 2516370
                                               A1
                                                           20040902
                                                                                CA 2004-2516370
                                                                                                                          20040108
         WO 2004074502
                                               A2
                                                           20040902
                                                                                WO 2004-GB18
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         WO 2004074502
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                        CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
                        GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
                        LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI
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         BR 2004007672
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                                                                                IN 2005-MN950
         IN 2005MN00950
                                                          20051202
                                                                                                                          20050825
                                               A1
                                                                                US 2005-546193
         US 2006173182
                                                          20060803
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PRAI GB 2003-3730
                                               Α
                                                          20030218
         WO 2004-GB18
                                               Α
                                                          20040108
OS
         CASREACT 141:207230
         Imatinib and acid addition salts, were prepared by reaction of
AB
         N-(2-methyl-5-aminophenyl)-4-(3-pyridyl)-2-pyrimidine amine with
         4-(4-methylpiperazinylmethyl)benzoyl halides in the presence of an inert
         organic solvent, to yield a hydrohalide salt of imatinib either in anhydrous or
         hydrated form, which can be further converted either to the free
         base or a further acid addition salt.
ΙT
         152459-95-5P, Imatinib 220127-57-1P, Imatinib
         mesylate 744256-04-0P 744256-05-1P
         744256-06-2P
         RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN
         (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
         PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
               (preparation of imatinib and salts by reaction of
              methylaminophenylpyridylpyrimidinamine with
              methylpiperazinylmethylbenzoyl halides)
RN
         152459-95-5 CAPLUS
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-met
CN
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)
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Me N
$$\sim$$
 CH2 \sim C \sim NH \sim

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RN 744256-04-0 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, hydrobromide (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●x HBr

RN 744256-05-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, hydrochloride (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●x HCl

RN 744256-06-2 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, trihydrochloride, monohydrate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O \\ \hline \\ C - NH \\ \hline \\ Me \end{array}$$

●3 HCl

● н20

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ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L14
     2004:430683 CAPLUS
ΑN
     140:417943
DN
ΤI
     Methods of using and compositions comprising selective cytokine inhibitory
     drugs for the treatment and management of myeloproliferative diseases
IN
     Zeldis, Jerome B.
PΑ
     Celgene Corporation, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 55 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                DATE
                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
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                         ____
                                _____
                                            ______
PΙ
     WO 2004043336
                         A2
                                20040527
                                            WO 2003-US11325
                                                                   20030413
     WO 2004043336
                         Α3
                                20040729
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             CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH,
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             LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM,
             PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
             BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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                          A1
     AU 2003226361
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     EP 1569903
                         A2
                                20050907
                                            EP 2003-811178
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     BR 2003016002
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                                            CN 2003-825763
     CN 1720226
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                                            JP 2004-551394
     JP 2006507324
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                                            ZA 2005-3653
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                         Α
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     MX 2005PA04777
                         Α
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                                                                   20050504
                                            US 2006-534324
     US 2006165649
                         Α1
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PRAI US 2002-424731P
                         Ρ
                                20021106
     WO 2003-US11325
                         W
                                20030413
OS
     MARPAT 140:417943
AB
     Methods of treating, preventing and/or managing a myeloproliferative
     disease (MPD) are disclosed. Specific methods encompass the
     administration of a selective cytokine inhibitory drug, or a
     pharmaceutically acceptable salt, solvate, hydrate,
     stereoisomer, clathrate, or prodrug thereof, alone or in combination with
     a second active agent, and/or the transplantation of blood or cells.
     Particular second active agent is capable of suppressing the overprodn. of
     hematopoietic stem cells or ameliorating one or more of the symptoms of
          Pharmaceutical compns., single unit dosage forms, and kits suitable
     for use in methods of the invention are also disclosed.
IT
     220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
     THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as second active agent; selective cytokine inhibitory drugs for
        treatment and management of myeloproliferative diseases)
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
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CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

280764 AMORPH?

L15 494524 POLYMORPH? OR AMORPH?

=> s 18 and 115

L16 72 L8 AND L15

=> s 116 not 114

L17 71 L16 NOT L14

=> d 117 1-71 bib, ab, hitstr

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ANSWER 1 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
     2007:941813 CAPLUS
ΑN
     147:274950
DN
     Cancer-associated mutations and polymorphisms of ERBB2, and
TI
     methods of diagnostic and therapeutic uses
     Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
ΙN
PΑ
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 99pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                  PATE
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                 <----
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                                 20070823 🕽
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     WO 2007095038
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PΙ
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             MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
              TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
              IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
              CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
              GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
              KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2006-771907P
                          Р
                                  20060209
     This invention relates generally to the anal. testing of tissue samples in
     vitro, and more particularly to aspects of genetic polymorphisms
     and mutations of the ERBB2 gene. The invention provides new ERBB2
     mutations and SNPs (single nucleotide polymorphisms), useful in
     the diagnosis and treatment of subjects in need thereof. Accordingly, the
     various aspects of the present invention relate to polynucleotides
     encoding the ERBB2 mutations of the invention, expression vectors encoding
     the ERBB2 mutant polypeptides of the invention and organisms that express
     the ERBB2 mutant and polymorphic polynucleotides and/or ERBB2
     mutant/polymorphic polypeptides of the invention. The various
     aspects of the present invention further relate to diagnostic/theranostic
     methods and kits that use the ERBB2 mutations and polymorphisms
     of the invention to identify individuals predisposed to disease or to
     classify individuals with regard to drug responsiveness, side effects, or
     optimal drug dose.
IΤ
     220127-57-1, Glivec
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (cancer-associated mutations and polymorphisms of ERBB2, and
        methods of diagnostic and therapeutic uses)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN 152459-95-5
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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ANSWER 2 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
ΑN
         2007:941812 CAPLUS
         Single nucleotide polymorphisms in PTK2B gene associated with
TI
         cancer and diagnostic and therapeutic applications
         Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
IN
         Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PA
SO
         PCT Int. Appl., 85pp.
         CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
         Patent
LA
         English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                           DATE
         PATENT NO.
                                             KIND
                                                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                _____
                                                         ′ 20070823<sup>1</sup>
PΤ
         WO 2007095032
                                               A2
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                       MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
                RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                        IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
                        CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                       GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                        KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2006-771775P
                                               Ρ
                                                          20060209
         This invention relates generally to the anal. testing of tissue samples in
         vitro, and more particularly to genotyping single nucleotide
         polymorphisms in the protein tyrosine kinase 2\beta (PTK2B) gene
         associated with increased susceptibility for cancer and methods for diagnosis
         and therapy. The various aspects of the present invention further relate
         to diagnostic and therapeutic methods and kits that use the PTK2B
         mutations and polymorphisms of the invention to identify
         individuals predisposed to disease or to classify individuals with regard
         to drug responsiveness, side effects, or optimal drug dose. Cancer may
         include breast cancer, genitourinary cancer, ovarian cancer, lung cancer,
         non-small-cell lung cancer (NSCLC), prostate cancer, gastric cancer,
         gastrointestinal cancer, colon cancer, bladder cancer, renal cancer,
         pancreas cancer, glioblastoma, glioma, astrocytoma, melanoma, cholangioma,
         epidermoid cancer, neuroblastoma, head cancer, neck cancer, brain cancer,
         gastrinomas, adenocarcinoma, oral squamous cell carcinoma, urothelial
         carcinomas, squamous cell carcinoma of the uterine cervix, chronic myeloid
         leukemia (CML), acute myelogenous leukemia (AML), and hyperplasias.
         Anticancer therapy is selected from the group consisting of Glivec,
         FEMARA, Sandostatin, LAR, ZOMETA, vatalanib, everolimus, gimatecan,
         patupilone, midostaurin, pasireotide, LBH589, AEE788 and AMN 107.
IT
         220127-57-1, Glivec
         RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
         (Biological study); USES (Uses)
               (single nucleotide polymorphisms in PTK2B gene associated with
              cancer and diagnostic and therapeutic applications)
         220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3
CN
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
         NAME)
         CM
                  1
```

152459-95-5

CRN

CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

ANSWER 3 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2007:916422 CAPLUS AN

147:225763 DN

ΤI A review on the relation between the brain-serum concentration ratio of drugs and the influence of P-glycoprotein

ΑU

Ejsing, Thomas Broeng; Morling, Niels; Linnet, Kristian Section of Forensic Chemistry, Institute of Forensic Medicine, Faculty of Health Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Den. CS

Drug Metabolism and Drug Interaction (2006) 22(2-3), 113-129 SO CODEN: DMDIEQ; ISSN: 0792-5077

PB Freund Publishing House Ltd.

Journal; General Review DT

LA English

A review. This overview on the brain-serum relationship for drugs AΒ illustrates the importance of the drug transporter P-glycoprotein at the blood-brain barrier. Generally, an inverse relationship exists between the magnitude of the brain-serum ratio and the influence of P-glycoprotein. Concerning the pharmacogenomics of P-glycoprotein, no clear effect of single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs) has been demonstrated in humans.

ΙT 220127-57-1, STI-571

> RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study) (review on relation between the brain-serum concentration ratio of drugs and

the influence of P-glycoprotein)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

Me N
$$\sim$$
 CH \sim NH \sim

2 CM

75-75-2 CRN CMF C H4 O3 S

```
ANSWER 4 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
AN
     2007:640945 CAPLUS
DN
     147:46115
TT
     Methods of treating cancer and other conditions or disease states using
     L-cytosine nucleoside analogs
IN
     Cheng, Yung-Chi
PA
     Yale University, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 48pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
\mathsf{DT}
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATÈ
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                         ____
PΙ
     WO 2007067364
                          A2
                                20070614
                                            WO 2006-US45270
                                                                    20061122
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK,
             MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ NA, MG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,
             RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
             TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-741730P
                          Ρ
                                 20051202
OS
     MARPAT 147:46115
AΒ
     The invention discloses the use of I [S = Q1, Q2; X = H, F; R1 = H, acyl,
     C1-20 alkyl or ether, a phosphate, diphosphate, triphosphate,
     phosphodiester, Nu(P(:0)(OR8)O)kP(:0)(OR8), NuC(:0); Nu = radical of biol.
     active compound such as anticancer, antihyperproliferative or antiviral
     compound such that an amino group or hydroxyl group from the biol. active
     agent forms a phosphate, phosphoramidate, carbonate or urethane group with
     the adjacent moiety; R8 = H, C1-C20 alkyl, ether; k = 0-12; R2 = H, acyl,
     C1-20 alkyl or ether], and pharmaceutically acceptable salts, solvates or
     polymorphs thereof for the treatment of tumors, cancer and
     hyperproliferative diseases, among other conditions or disease states.
     220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
IT
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (combination; cytosine nucleoside analogs for treatment of cancer or
        other conditions)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
     CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
         152459-95-5
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
```

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

IT 220127-57-1D, Imatinib mesylate, conjugates with cytosine nucleoside analogs

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cytosine nucleoside analogs for treatment of cancer or other conditions)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

ANSWER 5 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2007:621707 CAPLUS ΑN

147:125684 DN

Antitumor composition containing rapamycin, proteinase and/or angiogenesis ΤI inhibitor with synergistic interaction

ΙN Kong, Qingzhong; Su, Hongqing

PA Shandong Lan-Jin Bioengineering Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 23pp. CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE ------------20070606 CN 1973822 CN 2006-10201343 20061220 PΙ Α 20061220

PRAI CN 2006-10201343

The title antitumor composition that may be sustained-release injection or implant is composed of (A) sustained-release microsphere comprising effective antitumor component selected from rapamycin, proteinase and/or angiogenesis inhibitor 0.01-60%, sustained-release adjuvant 40-99.99%, and suspending agent 0.0-30%, and (B) solvent that is normal solvent or special solvent containing suspending agent. The angiogenesis inhibitor is selected from gefitinib, erlotinib, lapatinib, etc., or their combination. The suspending agent is selected from sodium CM-cellulose, iodine glycerin, dimethicone, etc., or their combination. The sustained-release adjuvant is selected from poly(lactic acid), poly(glycollic acid), polifeprosan, etc., or their combination, and has good biocompatibility and viscosity of 100-1000 cp (at $20-30^{\circ}$).

ΙT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

> RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(antitumor composition containing rapamycin, proteinase and/or angiogenesis inhibitor with synergistic interaction)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

2 CM

75-75-2 CRN CMF C H4 O3 S

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ANSWER 6 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
AN
      2007:618533 CAPLUS
DN
      147:72742
      Pyrazole urea compounds useful in the treatment of cancer and their
ΤI
      preparation
      Smith, Roger; Hatoum-Mokdad, Holia N.; Cantin, Louis-David; Bierer, Donald
IN
      E.; Fu, Wenlang; Nagarathnam, Dhanapalan; Ladouceur, Gaetan; Wang, Yamin;
      Ogutu, Herbert; Wilhelm, Scott; Taylor, Ian; Reddy, Sanjeeva; Gedrich,
      Richard; Carter, Chris; Schmitt, Aaron; Zhang, Xiaomei
      Bayer Pharmaceuticals Corporation, USA
PA
      PCT Int. Appl., 209pp.
SO
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                               DATE
      PATENT NO.
                              KIND
                                      DATE
                                                    APPLICATION NO.
                              ____
PΙ
      WO 2007064872
                               A2
                                      20070607
                                                    WO 2006-US45976
                                                                               20061201
      WO 2007064872
                              ΑЗ
                                      20070809
               AE, AG, AL, AM, AI, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BK, BW, BI, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
               GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
PRAI US 2005-741052P
                              Ρ
                                      20051201
                               Ρ
      US 2006-861703P
                                      20061130
      MARPAT 147:72742
os
      Pyrazole urea compds., of formula I pharmaceutical compns. which contain
AB
      them and methods for treating cancer using them. Compds. of formula I
      wherein A is (un)substituted (hetero)aryl; L is S and O bound to the 4 or
      5 position of pyridyl; R1 is (un)branched C3-6 alkyl, C3-6 cycloalkyl,
      Me-substituted C3-5 cycloalkyl, CF3 and C1-3 alkylphenyl; R2 is H and Me;
      R3 and R4 are independently H and C1-6 alkyl; R5, R6 and R7 are
      independently H, halo, OH, C1-6 alkyl, C1-5 haloalkyl and C1-3 alkoxy,
      where at least one of R5, R6 and R7 is H; and their pharmaceutically
      acceptable salts, metabolites, solvates, hydrates, prodrugs,
      polymorphs, diastereoisomers, stereoisomers and mixture of
      stereoisomers thereof, are claimed. Example compound II was prepared by
addition
      of 4-(4-amino-3-fluorophenoxy)-N-methylpyridine-2-carboxamide to
      [3-benzyl-1-(3-fluorophenyl)-1H-pyrazol-5-yl]carbamate. All the invention
      compds. were evaluated for their anticancer activity. From the assay, it
      was determined that the invention compds. exhibited IC50 < 10 \mu M.
      220127-57-1, Gleevec
IT
      RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
      (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (co-drug; preparation of pyrazole urea compds. useful in treatment of
         cancer)
RN
      220127-57-1 CAPLUS
      Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]
CN
      pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
      NAME)
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CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

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ANSWER 7 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2007:585333 CAPLUS
DN
     147:16553
     Crystal forms of imatinib mesylate and dosage forms containing them for
ΤI
     tumor diagnosis and therapy
IN
     Mutz, Michael
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 43pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                           KIND
                                   DATE
                                                APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
     _____
                           ----
                                   _____
                                                -----
         2007059963 A1 20070531 W0 2006-EP11240 20061123
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, AR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN,
PΙ
     WO 2007059963
              KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK,
              MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
              TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
              IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
              CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
              GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
              KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI GB 2005-24061
                            Α
                                   20051125
     GB 2005-24062
                            Α
                                   20051125
     US 2005-740016P
                            Ρ
                                   20051128
     US 2005-740017P
                            Ρ
                                   20051128
                            Ρ
                                   20051128
     US 2005-740018P
     The invention relates to the F-, G-, H-, I-, and K-crystal forms of the
AB
     methanesulfonic acid addition salt of 4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl-methyl)-
     N-[4-methyl-3-(4-(pyridin-3-yl)pyrimidin-2-yl-amino)phenyl]-benzamide
     (imatinib), certain processes for their preparation, pharmaceutical compns.
     containing these crystal forms, their use in diagnostic methods or for the
     therapeutic treatment of warm-blooded animals, especially humans. Thus,
crystalline
     form F of imatinib mesylate was prepared using benzyl alc. or a mixture of
     benzyl alc. and Et acetate and formulated into tablets. Tablets containing
     100 mg of imatinib mesylate crystal form F were prepared by a direct
     compression of a mixture containing active ingredient 100 mg, crystalline
lactose 240
     mg, Avicel 80 mg, PVPPXL 20 mg, Aerosil 2 mg, and magnesium stearate 5 mg.
     220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
TT
     RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process);
     PRP (Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC
     (Process); USES (Uses)
         (preparation and oral formulations of crystal forms of imatinib mesylate for
        tumor diagnosis and therapy)
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          152459-95-5
     CRN
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
```

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 8 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L17

ΑN 2007:569279 CAPLUS

DN 147:16523

New sustained-release microsphere injection formulation of angiogenesis ΤI inhibitor and proteinase for cancer therapy

Kong, Qingzhong; He, Runping IN

Shandong Lan - Jin Bioengineering Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China PA

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 34pp. SO

CODEN: CNXXEV

DTPatent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT

PI

PA	TIATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
_	7 1961861 7 2006-10201184	Α	20070516 20061201	CN 2006-10201184	20061201

PRAI CN 2006-10201184

The invention provides a $\eta \in \mathbb{N}$ sustaine β -release microsphere injection formulation of angiogenesis inhibitox and proteinase for cancer therapy. The sustained-release microsphere includes sustained-release adjuvants, angiogenesis inhibitor and/or proteolytic enzyme. The solvent contains suspending agent. Angiogenesis inhibitor is selected from gefitinib, erlotinib, lapatinib, vatalanib, pelitinib, endostatin, imatinib, semaxanib, dasatinib, avastin, sorafenib, telcyta, or panitumumab. Proteolytic enzyme is selected from one or more of collagenase, hyaluronidase, relaxin, and plasmase. The sustained-release adjuvant can be polifeprosan, EVAc, poly(lactic acid), etc. The suspending agent has a viscosity of 100-3000 cp (25 to 30°C), and is selected from sodium CM-cellulose, etc. The sustained-release microsphere can also be manufactured into implant. Intratumoral or peritumoral injection or placement of the sustained-release agent can selectively improve local drug concentration,

reduce general reaction to the drug, inhibit cancer cell and blood vessel growth and enhance tumoricidal effect of chemotherapy and/or radiotherapy, and

other non-surgical therapies. IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (new sustained-release microsphere injection formulation of angiogenesis inhibitor and proteinase for cancer therapy)

220127-57-1 CAPLUS RN

Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl-3-1][4-(3-methCN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 C29 H31 N7 O CMF

CM 2 CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

О || |-|-|-|-|-|-|-

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L17
          ANSWER 9 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
           2007:565147 CAPLUS
DN
           147:1971
ΤI
           Alleles and polymorphisms in the c-abl gene affecting the risk
           of cancers and the response to chemotherapy
IN
           Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
           Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
PA
SO
           PCT Int. Appl., 73pp.
           CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
           Patent
LΑ
           English
FAN.CNT 1
           PATENT NO.
                                                      KIND
                                                                                               APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                                 DATE
                                                      ____
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                                                                                               ______
                                                                                                                                                 -----
PΙ
          WO 2007058991
                                                        A2
                                                                     20070524
                                                                                               WO 2006-US43898
                                                                                                                                                 20061113
                           AE, AG, AL, AM, AT
                                                                    ,\AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                                                                      \DE, DK, /DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
                            CN, CO, CR, CU, Ct,
                            GE, GH, GM, GT, HN, ≒R, HU,/ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN,
                            KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LX, LP, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK,
                            MN, MW, MX, MY, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,
                            RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT,
                            TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
                   RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                            IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                            GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-736592P
                                                      P
                                                                     20051114
          Alleles and polymorphisms in the c-abl gene that can affect the
           risk an individual has of developing certain cancers and in predicting
           their response to cancer chemotherapy are described.
IT
           220127-57-1, Glivec
           RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
                  (selection for cancer therapy of; alleles and polymorphisms
                 in c-abl gene affecting risk of cancers and response to chemotherapy)
           220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
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CN
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          CM
                     152459-95-5
                     C29 H31 N7 O
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          CM
                     2
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CRN

CMF

75-75-2

C H4 O3 S

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L17
     ANSWER 10 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
     2007:561736 CAPLUS
DN
     147:1990
     Alleles and polymorphisms in the gene for histone deacetylase 6
ΤI
     affecting the risk of cancers and response to chemotherapy
ΙN
     Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
     Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
PA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 97pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                              APPLICATION NO.
                                                                      DATE
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PΙ
     WO 2007058992
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                                  20070524
                                              WO 2006-US43899
                                                                      20061113
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             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
PRAI US 2005-736455P
                                 20051114
                           Ρ
     MARPAT 147:1990
OS
AB
     Alleles and polymorphisms in the HDAC6 for histone deacetylase 6
     that can affect the risk an individual has of developing certain cancers
     and in predicting their response to cancer chemotherapy are described.
IT
     220127-57-1, Glivec
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (selection for cancer therapy of; alleles and polymorphisms
        in gene for histone deacetylase 6 affecting risk of cancers and
        response to chemotherapy)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
          152459-95-5
     CRN
         C29 H31 N7 O
     CMF
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ANSWER 11 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     2007:538168 CAPLUS
ΑN
     146:514721
DN
ΤI
     Development of DNA microarray for detecting BCR-ABL chimeric gene mutation
     in chronic myelocytic leukemia and application to the selection of
     effective drugs
     Naoe, Tomoki; Yoshida, Yasuko; Yamada, Kazunari; Niwa, Kousuke
ΤN
     National University Corp. Nagoya University, Japan; Ngk Insulators, Ltd.
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 53pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                           KIND
                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                         DATE
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                                   20070518
                                                WO 2006-JP322280
PΙ
     WO 2007055244
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RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
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              GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
              KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-734278P
                            Ρ
                                   20051108
     A DNA hybridization microarray system for detecting BCR-ABL chimeric gene
     mutation in Philadelphia chromosome associated with chronic myelocytic
     leukemia and drug-sensitivity has been developed. The mutations occurred
     posteriori and the SNPs cause amino acid alternations at the region
     corresponding to the kinase domain. Specific 31 SNPs causing amino acid
     alternation at positions 252, 315 (T\rightarrow I), etc. are claimed.
     Combinations of the first group (normal sequences) of probe spots with the
     second group (SNP sequences) of probe spots that enable to accurately
     detect the gene mutations by the Nearest Neighbor Method have been
     claimed. The microarray assay system is more specifically applied to the
     diagnosis to determine the sensitivities to the drugs such as imatinib, AMN107,
     BMS-354825, NS-187, ONO12380 and VX-680 and their salts. The anal. is
     operated by using computer program for selecting the drugs that may be
     potentially effective in the chemotherapy in individual patients with
     specific mutations.
     152459-95-5, Imatinib 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
ΙT
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (development of DNA microarray for detecting BCR-ABL chimeric gene
        mutation in chronic myelocytic leukemia and application to selection of
        effective drugs)
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pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN

CN

152459-95-5 CAPLUS

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L17
          ANSWER 12 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
           2007:512138 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
           146:494731
TI
          Mutations and polymorphisms of human histone deacetylase 5 gene
          HDAC5 related to diagnosis and treatment of associated diseases
IN
          Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
PΑ
          Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
SO
           PCT Int. Appl., 111pp.
          CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
          Patent
          English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                   DATE
          PATENT NO.
                                                    KIND
                                                                                          APPLICATION NO.
          WO 2007053502
                                                     A2
                                                                  (20070510) WO 2006-US42187
                                                                                                                                           20061030
PΤ
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                  RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW

RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG KZ MD PU TT TM
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PRAI US 2005-732372P
                                                     Ρ
                                                                  20051101
OS
          MARPAT 146:494731
AB
          This invention relates generally to the anal. testing of tissue samples in
          vitro, and more particularly to aspects of genetic polymorphisms
          and mutations of the human histone deacetylase 5 (HDAC5) gene. The
          invention provides four new HDAC5 mutations and SNPs found in patients
          with acute myeloid leukemia, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of
          subjects in need thereof. Accordingly, the various aspects of the present
          invention relate to polynucleotides encoding the HDAC5 mutations of the
          invention, expression vectors encoding the HDAC5 mutant polypeptides of
          the invention and organisms that express the HDAC5 mutant, and
          polymorphic polynucleotides and/or HDAC5 mutant/
          polymorphic polypeptides of the invention. The various aspects of
          the present invention further relate to diagnostic/therapeutic methods and
          kits that use the HDAC5 mutations and polymorphisms of the
          invention to identify individuals predisposed to disease or to classify
          individuals with regard to drug responsiveness, side effects, or optimal
          drug dose.
IT
          220127-57-1, Glivec
          RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
                 (anticancer therapy; mutations and polymorphisms of human
                histone deacetylase 5 gene HDAC5 related to diagnosis and treatment of
                associated diseases)
RN
          220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
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          pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
          NAME)
                    1
          CM
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CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

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ANSWER 13 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
      2007:464408 CAPLUS
DN
      146:456450
TI
     Mutations of human histone deacetylase HDAC2 and methods for disease
     diagnosis and treatment
IN
     Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PA
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 88pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
     English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
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     PATENT NO.
                            KIND
                                                 APPLICATION NO.
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PΙ
     WO 2007047998
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              KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-728822P
                           Ρ
                                    20051021
     This invention relates generally to the anal. testing of tissue samples in
     vitro, and more particularly to aspects of genetic polymorphisms
     and mutations of the HDAC2 gene. The invention provides new HDAC2
     mutations and SNPs, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of subjects in
     need thereof. Accordingly, the various aspects of the present invention
     relate to polynucleotides encoding the HDAC2 mutations of the invention,
     expression vectors encoding the HDAC2 mutant polypeptides of the invention
     and organisms that express the HDAC2 mutant and polymorphic
     polynucleotides and/or HDAC2 mutant/polymorphic polypeptides of
     the invention. The various aspects of the present invention further
     relate to diagnostic/theranostic methods and kits that use the HDAC2
     mutations and polymorphisms of the invention to identify
     individuals predisposed to disease or to classify individuals with regard
     to drug responsiveness, side effects, or optimal drug dose. Thus, two
     missense mutations in the human HDAC2 gene associated with acute myeloid
     leukemia are disclosed. These are a GAT>TAT mutation in exon 3 causing a
     D83Y substitution and a TCA>ACA mutation in exon 4 causing a S118T
     substitution.
IT
     220127-57-1, Glivec
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (mutations of human histone deacetylase HDAC2 and methods for disease
        diagnosis and treatment)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
     CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
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     CRN 152459-95-5
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CMF C29 H31 N7 O

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L17
         ANSWER 14 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
         2007:384897 CAPLUS
ΑN
         146:396171
DN
ΤI
         Missense mutations of human histone deacetylase gene HDAC11 and methods
         for cancer diagnosis and treatment
         Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
IN
PΑ
         Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO
         PCT Int. Appl., 90pp.
         CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
         Patent
LA
         English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                       DATE
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         PATENT NO.
                                                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                      DATE
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                       GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                       KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
PRAI US 2005-719384P
                                                        20050922
                                             Ρ
OS
        MARPAT 146:396171
AB
        The invention provides new human histone deacetylase gene HDAC11 missense
        mutations useful in the diagnosis and treatment of subjects in need
         thereof, e.g., cancer patients. Accordingly, the various aspects of the
        present invention relate to polynucleotides encoding the HDAC11 mutations
        of the invention, expression vectors encoding the HDAC11 mutant
        polypeptides of the invention and organisms that express the HDAC11 mutant
        and polymorphic polynucleotides and/or HDAC11 mutant/
        polymorphic polypeptides of the invention. The various aspects of
        the present invention further relate to diagnostic/theranostic methods and
         kits that use the HDAC11 mutations and polymorphisms of the
        invention to identify individuals predisposed to disease or to classify
        individuals with regard to drug responsiveness, side effects, or optimal
        drug dose. Thus, the new mutations result in E65A, Q184H, T260S, and
        M298R amino acid substitutions.
ΙT
        220127-57-1, Glivec
        RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
              (missense mutations of human histone deacetylase gene HDAC11 and
              methods for cancer diagnosis and treatment)
RN
        220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
        Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-
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        NAME)
        CM
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        CRN 152459-95-5
        CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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L17
     ANSWER 15 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     2007:283166 CAPLUS
ΑN
     146:330789
DN
TI
     Alleles and polymorphisms of histone deacetylase 9 gene HDAC9
     and their use in selection of inhibitors for cancer therapy
ΙN
     Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PΑ
     PCT Int. Appl., 90pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                               PATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                               20070315
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PΙ
     WO 2007030454
                                            WO 2006-US34559
                                                                    20060905
     WO 2007030454
                          A3
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             RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
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PRAI US 2005-714871P
                                20050907
                          Ρ
     MARPAT 146:330789
OS
     New alleles and polymorphisms of the human HDAC9 gene for
AB
     histone deacetylase 9 that may affect the structure and function of the
     enzyme are identified for use in the selection of drugs acting on the
     enzyme. The various aspects of the invention further relate to
     diagnostic/theranostic methods and kits that use the HDAC9 mutations and
     polymorphisms of the invention to identify individuals predisposed
     to disease or to classify individuals with regard to drug responsiveness,
     side effects, or optimal drug dose. These alleles of the gene may be
     useful in the diagnosis of disease and in the selection of therapies
     giving the best response with a min. of side effects.
ΙT
     220127-57-1, Glivec
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as histone deacetylase inhibitor, selection of; alleles and
        polymorphisms of histone deacetylase 9 gene HDAC9 and their use
        in selection of inhibitors for cancer therapy)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
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     CRN
          152459-95-5
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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ANSWER 16 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
     2007:282160 CAPLUS
ΑN
     146:309300
DN
     Alleles and polymorphisms of the histone deacetylase 10 gene
ΤI
     HDAC10 and their use in selection of inhibitors for cancer therapy
IN
     Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
PΑ
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
     PCT Int. Appl., 93pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                  DATE
     PATENT NO.
                          KIND
                                              APPLICATION NO.
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                          ____
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                                 (20070315
                                            WO 2006-US34561
PΙ
     WO 2007030455
                           A2
                                                                      20060905
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             RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SV, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
             UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                 20050907
PRAI US 2005-714872P
                          Р
     MARPAT 146:309300
os
     New alleles and polymorphisms of the human HDAC10 gene for
AΒ
     histone deacetylase 10 that may affect the structure and function of the
     enzyme are identified for use in the selection of drugs acting on the
     enzyme. The various aspects of the present invention further relate to
     diagnostic/theranostic methods and kits that use the HDAC10 mutations and
     polymorphisms of the invention to identify individuals predisposed
     to disease or to classify individuals with regard to drug responsiveness,
     side effects, or optimal drug dose. These alleles of the gene may be
     useful in the diagnosis of disease and in the selection of therapies
     giving the best response with a min. of side effects.
ΙT
     220127-57-1, Glivec
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (as histone deacetylase inhibitor, selection of; alleles and
        polymorphisms of histone deacetylase 10 gene HDAC10 and their
        use in selection of inhibitors for cancer therapy)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-\text{methyl-}1-\text{piperazinyl})\text{methyl}]-N-[4-\text{methyl-}3-[[4-(3-\text{methyl-}3-\text{methyl})]]-N-[4-\text{methyl-}3-[4-(3-\text{methyl-}3-\text{methyl})]-N-[4-\text{methyl-}3-[4-(3-\text{methyl-}3-\text{methyl})]]
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
          152459-95-5
     CRN
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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L17
          ANSWER 17 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
          2007:201330 CAPLUS
DN
          146:244328
ΤI
          Use of histone deacetylase inhibitors to treat proliferative diseases and
          HDAC3 mutations/polymorphisms in diagnosis of cancer
          susceptibility
          Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
ΙN
          Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PΑ
          PCT Int. Appl., 80pp.
SO
          CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
          Patent
LA
          English
FAN.CNT 1
          PATENT NO.
                                                 KIND
                                                                ĎATE
                                                                                       APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                    DATE
PΙ
          WO 2007022041
                                                   A2
                                                               20070222
                                                                                       WO 2006-US31560
                                                                                                                                    20060810
                         AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, NU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
                         MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
                          US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
                  RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                          IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                          GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                          KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
                                                               20050811
PRAI US 2005-707483P
                                                   Ρ
OS
         MARPAT 146:244328
AB
          This invention relates generally to the anal. testing of tissue samples in
          vitro, and more particularly to aspects of genetic polymorphisms
          and mutations of the HDAC3 gene. The invention provides new HDAC3
         mutations and SNPs, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of subjects in
         need thereof. Thus, if patients are genotyped and found to have the HDAC3
         missense mutation of the invention (resulting in truncation of the HDAC3
          at K367), they may be treated with acylhydroxamate histone deacetylase
          inhibitors I (R1,X,Y = H, halo, C1-6-alkyl; R2 = H, C1-10-alkyl,
          C4-9-cycloalkyl, C4-9-heterocycloalkyl, aryl, hetroaryl, etc.; R3,R4 = H,
          C1-6-alkyl, acyl, acylamino, or R3 and R4 together with C to which they
          are attached = C:O, C:S, etc.; R5 = H, C1-6-alkyl, C4-9-cycloalkyl,
         C4-9-heterocycloalkyl, aryl, acyl, etc.; n = 0-6). The HDAC3 mutation
          occurred after the histone deacetylase domain and therefore resulted only
          in the loss of regulatory sites, i.e., tyrosine phosphorylation and
          sulfation sites and casein kinase II phosphorylation sites.
          220127-57-1, Gleevec
IT
         RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
                (HDAC3 inhibitor and; use of histone deacetylase inhibitors to treat
               proliferative diseases and HDAC3 mutations and polymorphisms
                in diagnosis of cancer susceptibility)
RN
         220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
         NAME)
         CM
                   1
         CRN 152459-95-5
         CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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10/518,213

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L17
     ANSWER 18 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
     2007:196371 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     146:330176
     Oral administration of imatinib to P230 BCR/ABL-expressing transgenic mice
TI
     changes clones with high BCR/ABL complementary DNA expression into those
     with low expression
ΑU
     Inami, Mitsuharu; Inokuchi, Koiti; Yamaguchi, Hiroki; Nakayama, Kazutaka;
     Watanabe, Ayako; Uchida, Naoya; Tanosaki, Sakae; Dan, Kazuo
CS
     Division of Hematology, Department of Third Internal Medicine, Nippon
     Medical School, Tokyo, Japan
SO
     International Journal of Hematology
                                         (2006), /84(4), 346-353
     CODEN: IJHEEY; ISSN: 0925-5710
     Carden Jennings Publishing
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AΒ
     The effect of imatinib on myeloproliferative disease in transgenic (Tg)
     mice expressing the P230 BCR/ABL transcript is unknown. To investigate
     this issue, we administered imatinib (30 mg/kg per day) orally to P230
     BCR/ABL-expressing Tg mice for 30 days. Following imatinib
     administration, the enlarged spleen was significantly reduced to within
     the normal size range. Infiltrating megakaryocytes in the long-axis
     section of the spleen were also significantly reduced. However, the
     cellularity of the bone marrow was not affected. Fluorescence-activated
     cell-sorting anal. revealed that infiltrating mature granulocytes in the
     spleen were reduced in number The nos. of infiltrating CD34, CD117, CD61,
     and CD11b populations were also reduced in immature populations of the
     spleen. Real-time quant. polymerase chain reaction anal. of mRNA revealed
     a dramatic reduction in the p230 BCR/ABL transcript for CD34, CD117, CD61, and
     CD11b populations in both bone marrow cells and spleen cells. Western
    blotting and immunopptn. anal. also revealed a marked reduction in P230
     BCR/ABL protein expression in both bone marrow cells and spleen cells.
    Thus, imatinib administration had the intriguing effect of replacing
     clones with high expression of p230 BCR/ABL complementary DNA with clones
    with very low expression. These data show that imatinib may still be
     capable of eliminating and eradicating clones with high p230 BCR/ABL
     expression and healing the disease phenotype in Tg mice. Pluripotent
     clones with very low p230 BCR/ABL expression still survive as immature
    CD34, CD117, CD61, and CD11b populations.
IT
     220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
    RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (imatinib by reducing infiltrating immature CD cells, megakaryocyte and
```

mature granulocyte of spleen, inhibited BCR/ABL tyrosine kinase of transgenic mouse-expressing P230 BCR/ABL)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 19 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
     2007:174109 CAPLUS
AN
     146:258962
DN
     Novel salt forms of vildagliptin for therapeutic uses
ΤI
     Reber, Jean-Louis; Villhauer, Edwin Bernard
ΙN
PA
     Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 59pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                DATE
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
PΙ
     WO 2007019255
                         A2
                               20070215
                                           WO 2006-US30335
                                                                  20060802
     WO 2007019255
                         ΑЗ
                               20070531
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             KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
            MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU,
             SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
            KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
                               20050804
PRAI US 2005-705592P
                        ₽
    The present invention relates to novel salt forms of (S)-1-[(3-hydroxy-1-
     adamantyl)amino]acetyl-2-cyano-pyrrolidine (LAF237, vildagliptin) and a
    pharmaceutically acceptable acid in a 1:1 stoichiometry. The salts are in
    crystalline, partially crystalline, amorphous or polymorphous
    forms. Thus, 13.0 g of LAF237 was treated with 4.88 g of fumaric acid in
    ethanol at 50° to afford vildagliptin hydrogen fumarate (yield
    17.10 g, 97.1%). The salt showed improved stability compared to
     vildagliptin base.
     152459-95-5, Imatinib
IT
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (combination with; preparation and stability of vildagliptin salt forms for
        treatment of neurodegenerative/cognitive, metabolic and other
       disorders)
    152459-95-5 CAPLUS
RN
    CN
    pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)
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ANSWER 20 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
      2007:150855 CAPLUS
DN
      146:226604
TI
      Use of histone deacetylase inhibitors to treat proliferative diseases and
      HDAC4 mutations/polymorphisms to diagnose cancer susceptibility
ΙN
      Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
      Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
PA
      PCT Int. Appl., 79pp.
SO
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                              KIND
                                                    APPLICATION NO.
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                              ____
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                                      20070208
                                                   WO 2006-US29851
PΙ
      WO 2007016532
                               A2
                                                                                20060731
               AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, AU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZM
                US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
           RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
               KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-704924P
                             Р
                                      20050802
OS
      MARPAT 146:226604
      The use of histone deacetylase HDAC4 inhibitors to treat proliferative
AB
      diseases in patients selected on the basis of the HDAC4 genotype is
      disclosed. The HDAC4 inhibitor is a hydroxamate compound I (R1 = H, halo,
      (substituted) C1-C6-alkyl, etc.; R2 = H, C1-C10 alkyl, etc.; R3, R4 = H,
      C1-C6-alkyl, acyl, acylamino, etc.; R5 = H, C1-C6-alkyl, C4-C9-cycloalkyl,
      C4-C9-heterocycloalkyl, acyl, aryl, heteroaryl, arylalkyl,
      heteroarylalkyl, aromatic polycycles, nonarom. polycycles, mixed aryl and
      non-aryl polycycles, polyheteroaryl, nonarom. polyheterocycles, mixed aryl
      and non-aryl polyheterocycles; X,Y = H, halo, C1-C4-alkyl, NO2, CN, etc.;
      n1-3 = 0-6). HDAC4 mutations/SNPs associated with susceptibility to
      proliferative diseases are also disclosed. A method for diagnosing a
      patients's propensity for developing a proliferative disease based on
      HDAC4 genotyping is further disclosed. Thus, one HDAC4 substitution
      mutation was identified in AML patients. This mutation is located in the
      C-terminus of the HDAC domain of HDAC4. Amino acid changes in the
      functional domain may alter the protein structure and in turn the protein
      function and affect response to HDAC inhibitors. AML patients with such
      mutation may respond to HDAC inhibitors differently from those with
      wild-type HDAC4 and dictate different clin. outcomes. Thus, this mutation
      could be potentially used to predict clin. outcomes of HDAC inhibitor in
      AML patients.
ΙT
      220127-57-1, Glivec
      RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
          (use of histone deacetylase inhibitors to treat proliferative diseases
         and HDAC4 mutations/polymorphisms to diagnose cancer
         susceptibility)
      220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
CN
      Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]]
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pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX

NAME)

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

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ANSWER 21 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
     2007:143469 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     146:198711
TΙ
     Combination therapy for neurological diseases using c-kit inhibitor and
     neuroactive compound
     Chumakov, Ilya; Cohen, Daniel; Macciardi, Fabio
IN
PΑ
     Ares Trading S.A., Switz.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 55pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                PATE
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                                   DATE
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                                20070208
                                            WO 2006-EP64870
ΡI
     WO 2007014943
                          Α2
                                                                   20060731
     WO 2007014943
                               20070628
                          А3
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             GE, GH, GM, HN, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP,
             KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
             MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU,
             SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
             US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
                                20050801
PRAI EP 2005-291640
                         Α
     US 2005-720579P
                         ₽
                                20050926
     The present invention relates to novel combination therapies for treating
AB
     neurol. diseases and more particularly demyelinating diseases (such as
    multiple sclerosis) in a subject, using a c-kit inhibitor and a
     neuroactive compound A further aspect of this invention is a method of
     detecting the presence of or predisposition to a neurol. disease,
     particularly a demyelinating disease in a subject, the method comprising
     detecting in vitro or ex vivo the presence or a susceptibility alteration
     in a c-kit gene or polypeptide in a sample from the subject, the presence
     of such an alteration being indicative of the presence of or
     predisposition to a neurol. disease, particularly a demyelinating disease
     in the subject. The invention also relates to a method of assessing the
     response or responsiveness of a subject to a treatment of a neurol.
     disease, particularly a demyelinating disease, the method comprising
     detecting in vitro or ex vivo the presence of a susceptibility alteration
     in a c-kit gene or polypeptide in a sample from the subject, the presence
     of such an alteration being indicative of a responder subject. The
     present invention originally stems from association studies conducted by the
     inventors on different MS populations, unexpectedly showing that the c-kit
     gene is associated with multiple sclerosis and related disorders and that a
     combined therapeutic approach using neuroactive compds. and c-kit
     inhibitors provides improved and complementary therapeutic effects in
     patients.
ΙT
     152459-95-5, Imatinib
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (combination therapy with neuroactive compound; combination therapy for
        neurol. diseases using c-kit inhibitor and neuroactive compound)
RN
     152459-95-5 CAPLUS
CN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]
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pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 22 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
ΑN
         2007:16764 CAPLUS
DN
         146:116033
ΤI
         Mutations and polymorphisms of human BCL2 gene proteins and its
         therapeutic uses
         Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
IN
PΑ
         Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO
         PCT Int. Appl., 64pp.
         CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
         Patent
LA
         English
FAN.CNT 1
         PATENT NO.
                                                          KATE
                                             KIND
                                                                                APPLICATION NO.
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                                                       (20070104
                                                                            WO 2006-US24177
         WO 2007002217
PΙ
                                              A2
                                                                                                                         20060620
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                       KR, KZ, LA, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN,
                       MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RS, RU,
                       SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG,
                       US, UZ, VC, VN, ZA, ZM, ZW
                RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                       IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
                       CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                       GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                       KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-692990P
                                             Ρ
                                                          20050622
         This invention relates to the anal. testing of tissue samples in vitro,
         and new BCL2 mutations and SNPs, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of
         cancers. The protein sequences of mutant BCL2 proteins have been
         provided. The invention provides for the use of a BCL2 modulating agent
         in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of cancer in a selected
         population. Accordingly, the invention relates to polynucleotides
         encoding the BCL2 mutations of the invention, expression vectors encoding
         the BCL2 mutant polypeptides of the invention and organisms that express
         the BCL2 mutant and polymorphic polynucleotides and/or BCL2
         mutant/polymorphic polypeptides of the invention. The invention
         further relate to diagnostic methods and kits that use the BCL2 mutations
         and polymorphisms of the invention to identify individuals
         predisposed to disease or to classify individuals with regard to drug
         responsiveness, side effects, or optimal drug dose.
         220127-57-1, Gleevec
IT
         RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PAC (Pharmacological activity);
         THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
               (mutations and polymorphisms of human BCL2 gene proteins and
              its therapeutic uses)
         220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-
CN
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
         NAME)
         CM
                  1
         CRN
                  152459-95-5
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C29 H31 N7 O

CMF

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ANSWER 23 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
            2006:1285847 CAPLUS
ΑN
            146:39776
DN
ΤI
            Mutations and SNPs of human fibroblast growth factor receptor 1 (FGFR1)
            gene and methods of use in cancer diagnosis and cancer chemotherapy
IN
            Culver, Kenneth Wayne; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
            Novartis AG, Switz.; Novartis Pharma GmbH
PA
            PCT Int. Appl., 72pp.
SO
            CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
            Patent
LA
            English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                         ΌÂΤΕ
                                                                                                                                                         DATE
            PATENT NO.
                                                         KIND
                                                                                                    APPLICATION NO.
                                                         ____
           WO 2006130527
                                                                         20061207
ΡI
                                                           Α2
                                                                                                    WO 2006-US20665
                                                                                                                                                         20060330
           WO 2006130527
                                                                         20070726
                                                           Α3
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RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
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                                                                         20050531
PRAI US 2005-685950P
                                                           Ρ
           This invention relates generally to the anal. testing of tissue samples in
           vitro, and more particularly to aspects of genetic polymorphisms
           and mutations of the fibroblast growth factor receptor. The invention
           provides new FGFR1 mutations and SNPs, useful in the diagnosis and
           treatment of subjects in need thereof and including cancer patients.
           Accordingly, the various aspects of the present invention relate to
           polynucleotides encoding the FGFR1 mutations of the invention, expression
           vectors encoding the FGFR1 mutant polypeptides of the invention and
           organisms that express the FGFR1 mutant and polymorphic
           polynucleotides and/or FGFR1 mutant/polymorphic polypeptides of
           the invention. The various aspects of the present invention further
           relate to diagnostic/prognostic methods that use the FGFR1 mutations and
           polymorphisms of the invention to identify individuals predisposed
           to disease or to classify individuals with regard to drug responsiveness,
           side effects, or optimal drug dose.
           220127-57-1, Glivec
ΙT
           RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
                   (mutations and SNPs of human fibroblast growth factor receptor 1
                   (FGFR1) gene and methods of use in cancer diagnosis and chemotherapy)
RN
           220127-57-1 CAPLUS
           Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl
CN
           pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
           NAME)
           CM
                       1
           CRN 152459-95-5
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CMF C29 H31 N7 O

10/518,213

L17 ANSWER 24 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1170671 CAPLUS

DN 146:38378

TI Selective binding of imatinib to the genetic variants of human $\alpha 1\text{-acid}$ glycoprotein

AU Fitos, Ilona; Visy, Julia; Zsila, Ferenc; Mady, Gyoergy; Simonyi, Miklos

CS Department of Molecular Pharmacology, Institute of Biomolecular Chemistry Chemical Research Center, Hungarian Academy of Safences, Budapest, H-1525, Hung.

SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, General Subjects (2006), 1760(11), 1704-1712
CODEN: BBGSB3; ISSN: 0304-4165

PB Elsevier Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Imatinib is a selective tyrosine kinase inhibitor, successfully used for the treatment of chronic myelogenous leukemia. Its strong plasma protein binding referred to α 1-acid glycoprotein (AGP) component was found to inhibit the pharmacol. activity. AGP shows genetic polymorphism and the two main genetic variants have different drug binding properties. The binding characteristics of imatinib to AGP genetic variants and the possibility of its binding interactions were investigated by various methods. The results proved that binding of imatinib to the two main genetic variants is very different, the high affinity binding belongs dominantly to the F1-S variant. This interaction is accompanied with specific spectral changes (induced CD, UV change, intrinsic fluorescence quenching), suggesting that the bound ligand has chiral conformation that would largely overlap with other ligands inside the protein cavity. Binding parameters of $Ka = 1.7(\pm 0.2) + 106$ M-1 and n = 0.94 could be determined for the binding on the F1-S variant at 37°. Imatinib binding on the A variant is weaker and less specific. The binding affinity of imatinib to human serum albumin (nKa \approx 3 + 104 M-1) is low. Pharmacol. relevant binding

interactions with other drugs can be expected on the F1-S variant of AGP. 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(selective binding of imatinib to the genetic variants of human $\alpha 1$ -acid glycoprotein)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

ΙT

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

10/518,213

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L17
        ANSWER 25 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
         2006:1150361 CAPLUS
DN
         145:478002
ΤI
         Implantable device comprising amorphous poly(D,L-lactide)
         coating
         Pacetti, Stephen D.; Hossainy, Syed Faiyaz Ahmed; Gale, David C.
IN
PΑ
SO
         U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9pp.
        CODEN: USXXCO
DT
         Patent
         English
LA
FAN.CNT 1
         PATENT NO.
                                          KIND
                                                       DATE
                                                                          APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                 DATE
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        US 2006246108
                                                      20061102
                                                                          US 2005-117813
                                                                                                                 20050429
PΙ
                                            Α1
                                                      20061109
        WO 2006118808
                                            A1
                                                                        WO 2006-US14889
                                                                                                                 20060419
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                      GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, 11, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
                      KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
                      MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE,
                      SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
                      VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
               RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                      IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
                      CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                      GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                      KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
PRAI US 2005-117813
                                                      20050429
                                           Α
AΒ
        Implantable devices formed of or coated with a material that includes an
        amorphous poly(D,L-lactide) formed of a starting material such as
        meso-D,L-lactide are provided. The implantable device can be used for the
        treatment, mitigation, prevention, or inhibition of a disorder such as
        atherosclerosis, thrombosis, restenosis, hemorrhage, vascular dissection
        or perforation, vascular aneurysm, vulnerable plaque, chronic total
        occlusion, patent foramen ovale, claudication, anastomotic proliferation
        for vein and artificial grafts, bile duct obstruction, ureter obstruction,
        tumor obstruction, or combinations thereof. Thus, L-lactic acid 125 g,
        D-lactic acid 125 g, and zinc oxide 5 g was added to 3-necked 500 mL
        flask, equipped with argon purge, vacuum line, short-path distillation head,
and
        mech. stirrer. A vacuum of 100 mm Hg was applied, and the solution was
        heated with stirring at 140 °C for about 8 h to form lactic acid
        oligomer while distilling off the water formed. The pressure was lowered to 2
        mm Hg, and the solution temperature raised to about 210 ^{\circ}\text{C} to distill off
        the lactide formed by depolymn., which consists of a 25/25/50 blend of
        L-lactide, D-lactide, and meso-D,L-lactide. The lactides formed were
        transferred to another 500 mL flask, and vacuum distilled at a pressure of 1
        mm Hg to sep. the racemic-D, L-lactide from the meso-D, L-lactide.
        220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
ΙT
        RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
              (implantable device comprising amorphous poly(D,L-lactide)
             coating)
        220127-57-1
                             CAPLUS
RN
        Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-(3-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl-3-(4-methyl
CN
        pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
        NAME)
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CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

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ANSWER 26 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
1.17
     2006:1097643 CAPLUS
AN
     145:433085
DN
ΤI
     Alleles and polymorphisms of the epidermal growth factor
     receptor gene and their diagnostic uses
ΙN
     Culver, Kenneth W.; Zhu, Jian; Lilleberg, Stan
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PΑ
     PCT Int. Appl., 118pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                 77TE
                          KIND
     PATENT NO.
                                             APPLICATION NO.
                                                                     DATE
                                 20061019
PΙ
     WO 2006110478
                          A2
                                             WO 2006-US12878
                                                                     20060407
     WO 2006110478
                          A3
                                 20070426
             AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KN, KP, KR,
             KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
             MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC,
             VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
         RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
             IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
             CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
             GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
             KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AP, EA, EP, OA
PRAI US 2005-670061P
                          Ρ
                                 20050411
     Methods for detecting new and previously known alleles and
     single-nucleotide polymorphisms in the human EGFR gene for
     epidermal growth factor receptor are described for use in the diagnosis of
     disease and in the selection of therapies. The invention provides new
     EGFR mutations and SNPs, useful in the diagnosis and treatment of subjects
     in need thereof. Accordingly, the various aspects of the present
     invention relate to polynucleotides encoding the EGFR mutations of the
     invention, expression vectors encoding the EGFR mutant polypeptides of the
     invention and organisms that express the EGFR mutant and
     polymorphic polynucleotides and/or EGFR mutant/polymorphic
     polypeptides of the invention. The various aspects of the present
     invention further relate to diagnostic/theranostic methods and kits that
     use the EGFR mutations and polymorphisms of the invention to
     identify individuals predisposed to disease or to classify individuals
     with regard to drug responsiveness, side effects, or optimal drug dose.
IT
     220127-57-1
     RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (for cancer therapy, gene EGFR alleles in selection of; alleles and
        polymorphisms of epidermal growth factor receptor gene and
        their diagnostic uses)
RN
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
          1
     CRN
          152459-95-5
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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10/518,213

ANSWER 27 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ΑN 2006:1051438 CAPLUS

146:408 DN

BNP as a marker of the heart failure in the treatment of imatinib mesylate TI

Park, Yeon Hee; Park, Hae Jeong; Kim, Bong-Seog; Ha, Eunyoung; Jung, Kyung Hee; Yoon, Seo Hyun; Yim, Sung Vin; Chung, 100 Ho
Department of Medical Oncology, Korea Institute of Radiological and ΑU

CS Medical Sciences, Seoul, 130-706, S. Korrea

(2006), 243(1), 16-22 SO Cancer Letters (Amsterdam, Netherlands/)/ CODEN: CALEDQ; ISSN: 0304-3835

Elsevier B.V. PB

DT Journal

LΑ English

AΒ Since its introduction 6 years ago, imatinib mesylate, a selective tyrosine kinase inhibitor, has been a phenomenon in treating chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) with remarkably superior cytogenetic and mol. response rates at all stages of CML followed by longer progression free survival. Despite its extraordinarily high efficacy, adverse effects of imatinib mesylate such as edema, liver toxicity and fluid retention syndromes have been reported. Here we, for the first time, report development of heart failure in patients on imatinib mesylate medication and the possibility of brain natriuretic peptide (BNP) as a potential diagnostic (or predicting) marker for heart failure. Since plasma BNP levels in the two patients were exceptionally high, we then explored the possibility of genetic association of BNP with the development of heart failure to find no pos. association

IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

> RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(BNP as a marker of heart failure in treatment of imatinib mesylate)

220127-57-1 CAPLUS RN

Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

152459-95-5 CRN CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 C H4 O3 S CMF

RE.CNT 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 28 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 1.17 2006:1039164 CAPLUS AN DN 145:383558 ΤI Preparation of crystalline imatinib base IN Adin, Itai; Futerman, Yuri; Iustain, Carmen PA Chemagis Ltd., Israel U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 8pp. SO CODEN: USXXCO DTPatent English LΑ FAN.CNT 1 PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE US 2006223817 20061005 A1 US 2006-433941 20060515 PRAI US 2006-433941 20060515 Provided is crystalline imatinib base form I and processes for producing crystalline imatinib base form I, which is suitable for preparing imatinib salts such as, e.g., the mesylate salt. Also provided is a process for producing a salt of imatinib from crystalline imatinib base form I. Imatinib was prepared by the reaction of N-(5-amino-2-methylphenyl)-4-(3-pyridyl)-2-pyrimidineamine with 4-(4-methylpiperazinylmethyl)benzoyl chloride in pyridine and purified. IT152459-95-5P, Imatinib RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of crystalline imatinib base) RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L17 ANSWER 29 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:1039160 CAPLUS

DN 145:383417

TI Preparation of imatinib mesylate α -form

IN Adin, Itai; Iustain, Carmen; Davidi, Guy; Weisman, Alex; Bentolila, Moshe; Meyer, Elazar; Kaspi, Joseph

PA Chemagis Ltd., Israel

SO U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 10pp.

CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	PATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 2006223816 PRAI US 2006-429731	A1	20061005	US 2006-429731	20060508

AB Provided is a process for preparing crystalline imatinib mesylate in substantially

pure α -form, which preferably includes crystallizing imatinib mesylate from an organic solvent containing imatinib and methanesulfonic acid, and seed crystals of imatinib mesylate α -form, wherein the seed crystals are added before imatinib mesylate begins to precipitate from the mixture Also provided are stable, free-flowing imatinib mesylate crystals in substantially pure α -form, and a pharmaceutical composition containing the stable, free-flowing imatinib mesylate crystals.

IT 220127-57-1P, Imatinib mesylate
RL: PRP (Properties): SPN (Synthetic pres

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (preparation of imatinib mesylate α -form)

220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

RN

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses) (preparation of imatinib mesylate α -form)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 30 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
         2006:876420 CAPLUS
DN
         146:414205
         Population pharmacokinetics of imatinib and the role of \alpha l-acid
TΤ
         glycoprotein
         Widmer, N.; Decosterd, L. A.; Csajka, C.; Leywraz, S.; Duchosal, M. A.;
ΑU
         Rosselet, A.; Rochat, B.; Eap, C. B.; Henry, H. Biollaz, J.; Buclin, T. Division of Clinical Pharmacology, University Hospital, Lausanne, Switz. British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2006), 62(1), 97-112
SO
         CODEN: BCPHBM; ISSN: 0306-5251
PB
         Blackwell Publishing Ltd.
         Journal
DΤ
LA
         English
         Aims: The aims of this observational study were to assess the variability
AΒ
         in imatinib pharmacokinetics and to explore the relationship between its
         disposition and various biol. covariates, especially plasma \alpha 1-acid
         glycoprotein concns. Methods: A population pharmacokinetic anal. was
         performed using NONMEM based on 321 plasma samples from 59 patients with
         either chronic myeloid leukemia or gastrointestinal stromal tumors. The
         influence of covariates on oral clearance and volume of distribution was
         examined Furthermore, the in vivo intracellular pharmacokinetics of
         imatinib was explored in five patients. Results: A one-compartment model
         with first-order absorption appropriately described the data, giving a
         mean (\pm SEM) oral clearnace of 14.3 I h-1 (\pm 1.0) and a volume of
         distribution of 347 I (± 62). Oral clearance was influenced by body
         weight, age, sex and disease diagnosis. A large proportion of the
         interindividual variability (36% of clearance and 63% of volume of
         distribution) remained unexplained by these demog. covariates. Plasma
         al-acid glycoprotein concns. had a marked influence on total
         imatinib concns. Moreover, we observed an intra/extracellular ratio of 8,
         suggesting substantial uptake of the drug into the target cells.
         Conclusion: Because of the high pharmacokinetic variability of imatinib
         and the reported relationships between its plasma concentration and efficacy
and
         toxicity, the usefulness of therapeutic drug monitoring as an aid to
         optimizing therapy should be further investigated. Ideally, such an
         approach should take account of either circulating \alpha1-acid
         glycoprotein concns. or free imatinib concns.
ΙT
         220127-57-1, Gleevec
         RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU
         (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
              (high interpatient and limited intrapatient variability in
              Gleevec-pharmacokinetics and potential relationship between exposure,
              efficacy, toxicity was observed in patient with gastrointestinal stromal
              tumor or chronic myeloid leukemia)
RN
         220127-57-1 CAPLUS
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl
CN
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
         NAME)
         CM
                  1
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CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

Me N
$$CH_2$$
 $C-NH$ NH NH NH NH

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 . CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 68 THERE ARE 68 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 31 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN T.17

2006:828589 CAPLUS AΝ

DN 145:224511

Leukemogenesis induced by wild-type and STI571-resistant BCR/ABL is TΙ potently suppressed by C/EBPa

ΑU Ferrari-Amorotti, Giovanna; Keeshan, Karen; Zattoni, Michela; Guerzoni, Clara; Iotti, Giorgio; Cattelani, Sara; Donato, Nick J.; Calabretta, Bruno

Department of Microbiology and Immunology, Kimmel Cancer Center, Thomas Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, PA, USA Blood (2006), 108(4), 1353-1362 CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971 CS

SO

American Society of Hematology PB

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ

Chronic phase-to-blast crisis transition in chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) is associated with differentiation arrest and down-regulation of C/EBPa, a transcription factor essential for granulocyte differentiation. Patients with CML in blast crisis (CML-BC) became rapidly resistant to therapy with the breakpoint cluster region-Abelson murine leukemia (BCR/ABL) kinase inhibitor imatinib (STI571) because of mutations in the kinase domain that interfere with drug binding. We show here that the restoration of $\text{C/EBP}\alpha$ activity in STI571-sensitive or -resistant 32D-BCR/ABL cells induced granulocyte differentiation, inhibited proliferation in vitro and in mice, and suppressed leukemogenesis. Moreover, activation of C/EBPa eradicated leukemia in 4 of 10 and in 6 of 7 mice injected with STI571-sensitive or -resistant 32D-BCR/ABL cells, resp. Differentiation induction and proliferation inhibition were required for optimal suppression of leukemogenesis, as indicated by the effects of p42 C/EBPa, which were more potent than those of K298E C/EBPa, a mutant defective in DNA binding and transcription activation that failed to induce granulocyte differentiation. Activation of $C/EBP\alpha$ in blast cells from 4 patients with CML-BC, including one resistant to STI571 and BMS-354825 and carrying the T315I Abl kinase domain mutation, also induced granulocyte differentiation. Thus, these data indicate that $C/EBP\alpha$ has potent antileukemia effects even in cells resistant to ATP-binding competitive tyrosine kinase inhibitors, and they portend the development of antileukemia therapies that rely on $C/EBP\alpha$ activation.

ΙT 220127-57-1, STI571

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) $(C/EBP\alpha)$ has potent antileukemia effects even in cells resistant to ATP-binding competitive tyrosine kinase inhibitors)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-methylpyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

1 CM

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 64 THERE ARE 64 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 32 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2006:816353 CAPLUS
- DN 146:265703
- TI Phase I/II Study of Imatinib Mesylate for Recurrent Malignant Gliomas: North American Brain Tumor Consortium Study 99-08
- ΑU Wen, Patrick Y.; Yung, W. K. Alfred; Lamborn, Kathleen R.; Dahia, Patricia L.; Wang, Yanfeng; Peng, Bin; Abrey, Lauren E.; Raizer, Jeffrey; Cloughesy, Timothy F.; Fink, Karen; Gilbert, Mark; Chang, Susan; Junck, Larry; Schiff, David; Lieberman, Frank; Fine, Howard A.; Mehta, Minesh; Robins, H. Ian; DeAngelis, Lisa M.; Groves, Morris D.; Puduvalli, Vinay K.; Levin, Victor; Conrad, Charles; Maher, Elizabeth A.; Aldape, Kenneth; Hayes, Michael; Letvak, Laurie; Egorin, Merrill J.; Capdeville, Renaud; Kaplan, Richard; Murgo, Anthony J.; Stiles, Charles; Prados, Michael D. Dana-Farber/Brigham and Women's Cancer Center, Boston, MA, 02115, USA
- CS
- SO Clinical Cancer Research (2006), 12(16), 4899-4907
 - CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432
- PB American Association for Cancer/Research
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB PURPOSE: Phase I: To determine the maximum tolerated doses, toxicities, and pharmacokinetics of imatinib mesylate (Gleevec) in patients with malignant gliomas taking enzyme-inducing antiepileptic drugs (EIAED) or not taking EIAED. Phase II: To determine the therapeutic efficacy of imatinib. Exptl. Design: Phase I component used an inter-patient dose escalation scheme. End points of the phase II component were 6-mo progression-free survival and response. RESULTS: Fifty patients enrolled in the phase I component (27 EIAED and 23 non-EIAED). The maximum tolerated dose for non-EIAED patients was 800 mg/d. Dose-limiting toxicities were neutropenia, rash, and elevated alanine aminotransferase. EIAED patients received up to 1200 mg/d imatinib without developing dose-limiting toxicity. Plasma exposure of imatinib was reduced by .apprx.68% in EIAED patients compared with non-EIAED patients. Fifty-five non-EIAED patients (34 glioblastoma multiforme and 21 anaplastic glioma) enrolled in the phase II component. Patients initially received 800 mg/d imatinib; 15 anaplastic glioma patients received 600 mg/d after hemorrhages were observed There were 2 partial response and 6 stable disease among glioblastoma multiforme patients and 0 partial response and 5 stable disease among anaplastic glioma patients. Six-month progression-free survival was 3% for glioblastoma multiforme and 10% for anaplastic glioma patients. phase II patients developed intratumoral hemorrhages. CONCLUSIONS: Single-agent imatinib has minimal activity in malignant gliomas. CYP3A4 inducers, such as EIAEDs, substantially decreased plasma exposure of imatinib and should be avoided in patients receiving imatinib for chronic myelogenous leukemia and gastrointestinal stromal tumors. The evaluation of the activity of combination regimens incorporating imatinib is under way in phase II trials.
- 220127-57-1, Gleevec IT
 - RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (maximum tolerated doses, toxicities, and pharmacokinetics of imatinib mesylate (Gleevec) in patients with malignant gliomas taking enzyme-inducing antiepileptic drugs (EIAED) or not taking EIAED)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) NAME)

CM 1 CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 33 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L17 2006:816253 CAPLUS AN DN 146:243174 Association of enzyme and transporter genotypes with the pharmacokinetics TI of imatinib Gardner, Erin R.; Burger, Herman; van Schaik, Ron H.; van Oosterom, Allan ΑU T.; de Bruijn, Ernst A.; Guetens, Gunther; Prenen, Hans; de Jong, Floris A.; Baker, Sharyn D.; Bates, Susan E.; Figg, William D.; Verweij, Jaap Sparreboom, Alex; Nooter, Kees Clinical Pharmacology Research Core, SAIC-Frederick, Frederick, Mp, USA CS: (2006)SO Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics (New York, NY, United States 80(2), 192-201 CODEN: CLPTAT; ISSN: 0009-9236 PΒ Elsevier DT Journal LA English AB Objective: Our objective was to explore the relationships between imatinib pharmacokinetics and 9 allelic variants in 7 genes coding for ATP-binding cassette transporters (ABCB1 and ABCG2) and enzymes (cytochrome P 450 [CYP] 2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, CYP3A4, and CYP3A5) of putative relevance for imatinib. Methods: Imatinib transport in vitro was studied by use of human embryonic kidney 293 cells transfected with wild-type ABCG2 and an ABCG2 Q141K clone. Steady-state pharmacokinetics of imatinib was obtained in 82 patients with gastrointestinal stromal tumors treated with oral imatinib at doses ranging from 100 to 1000 mg/d. Genotyping was carried out via direct sequencing or restriction fragment length polymorphism-based techniques. Results: Human embryonic kidney 293 cells transfected with ABCG2 Q141K exhibited greater drug accumulation in vitro in comparison with cells expressing wild-type ABCG2 (P = .028). However, pharmacokinetic parameters of imatinib in vivo were not statistically significantly different in 16 patients who were heterozygous for ABCG2 421C>A compared with 66 patients carrying the wild-type sequence (P = .479). The apparent oral clearance of imatinib was potentially reduced in individuals with at least 1 CYP2D6*4 allele (median, 7.78 vs. 10.6 L/h; P = .0695). Pharmacokinetic parameters were not related to any of the other multiple-variant genotypes (P ≥ .230), possibly because of the low allele frequencies. Conclusions: This study indicates that common genetic variants in the evaluated genes have only a limited impact on the pharmacokinetics of imatinib. Further investigation is required to quant. assess the clin. significance of homozygous variant ABCG2 and CYP2D6 genotypes in patients treated with imatinib. ΙT 220127-57-1, Gleevec RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (allelic variants in CYP2C9, CYP2C19, CYP2D6, CYP3A4, CYP3A5, ABCB1 and ABCG2 genes showed limited impact on interindividual variability in Gleevec pharmacokinetics in gastrointestinal stromal tumor patient) RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-CN
 - CM 1

NAME)

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 34 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2006:560869 CAPLUS
- DN 145:410173
- TI The effects of saquinavir on imatinib-resistant chronic myelogenous leukemia cell lines
- AU Timeus, Fabio; Crescenzio, Nicoletta; Ricotti, Emanuela; Doria, Alessandra; Bertin Daniele; Saglio, Giuseppe; Tovo, Pier Angelo
- CS Department of Anco-hematology and Immunology, University of Turin, Italy
- SO Haematologica (2006) 91(5), 711-712 CODEN: HAEMAX ISSN: 0390-6078
- PB Ferrata Storti Foundation
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB We evaluated the effect of the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) protease inhibitor saquinavir on the imatinib-sensitive and imatinib-resistant chronic myelogenous leukemia cell lines. Saquinavir, which is also a proteasome blocker, showed dose- and time-related anti-proliferative activity, particularly on the imatinib-resistant lines and a pro-apoptotic effect. Association with imatinib caused a significant increase of activity.
- IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (saquinavir inhibited proliferation and promoted apoptosis in imatinib-resistant chronic myelogenous leukemia cell lines)
- RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 35 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2006:504246 CAPLUS

DN 146:274241

TI Imatinib mesylate - synthesis methods and preparation of polymorphs

AU Szczepek, Wojciech J

CS Inst. Farm., Warsaw 01-793, Pol.

SO Przemysl Chemiczny ((2006), 85(5), 306-309 CODEN: PRCHAB; ISSN: 0033-2496

PB Wydawnictwo SIGMA-NOT

DT Journal; General Review

LA Polish

AB A review covering syntheses of 4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-ylmethyl)-N-{4-methyl-3-[4-(pyridin-3-yl)pyrimidyn-2-ylamino]phenyl}benzamide (imatinib) and its polymorphism, preparation of salt adducts, and particularly the 6-step synthesis of imatinib mesylate and its α -polymorph as developed at the Pharmaceutical Research Inst. (Warsaw).

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

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ANSWER 36 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
T.17
ΑN
      2006:496044 CAPLUS
DN
      144:495400
TI
      Polymorphic forms of imatinib mesylate
IN
      Kompella, Amala Kishan; Rao, Adibhatla Kali Satya Bhujanga; Podili,
      Khadgapathi; Chowdary, Nannapaneni Venkaiah
      Natco Pharma Limited, India
PA
      PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
SO
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
      Patent
      English
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                             KIND
                                      ATE
                                                   APPLICATION NO.
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                             ____
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                                                  WO 2005-IN273
PΙ
                                     20060526
                                                                             20050811
      WO 2006054314
                              A1
              AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ,
                                               BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
               CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, PB, IV, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA,
               NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
               ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
               GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
               KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
      IN 2004CH01206
                                                IN 2004-CH1206
                             Α
                                     20061110
                                                                             20041117
PRAI IN 2004-CH1206
                              Α
                                     20041117
      The present invention relates to novel crystalline polymorphic Form I
      & Form II of imatinib mesylate and methods for their preparation The Form I is
     prepared by slurrying imatinib mesylate \alpha 2 or \beta
     polymorphic Form in chloroform and water with heating and distilling
     off water followed by filtration. Form II is prepared by lyophilizing an
     aqueous solution of polymorph \alpha 2 or \beta. The invention also
     relates to pharmaceutical composition containing the new Forms useful for the
     treatment of chronic myelogenous leukemia and accelerated stress
     conditions for the treatment of chronic myelogenous leukemia and
     accelerated stress conditions.
ΙT
      220127-57-1P, Imatinib mesylate
     RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP
      (Physical process); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
     BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
         (polymorphic forms of imatinib mesylate)
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
     Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]]
CN
     pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
          152459-95-5
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (polymorphic forms of imatinib mesylate)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 7 THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L17
          ANSWER 37 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN
           2006:439489 CAPLUS
           144:450736
DN
           Process for the preparation of a polymorphic crystalline form of
TI
           imatinib mesylate
           Patel, Hetalkumar Virendrabhai; Jani, Raja Jyotir; Thennati, Rajamannar
IN
PA
           Sun Pharmaceutical Industries Limited, India
SO
           PCT Int. Appl., 25 pp.
           CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
           Patent
LA
          English
FAN.CNT 1
                                                                  DÆTE.
           PATENT NO.
                                                   KIND
                                                                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                         DATE
                                                                                           -----
PΙ
          WO 2006048890
                                                     Α1
                                                                  20060511
                                                                                          WO 2005-IN340
                                                                                                                                         20051020
                          AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                           CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
                           GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, P, LL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
                           LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
                           NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,
                           SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN,
                           YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
                   RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                           IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
                           CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                           GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                           KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
          IN 2004MU01188
                                                     Α
                                                                  20060609
                                                                                          IN 2004-MU1188
                                                                                                                                         20041104
                                                                  20041104
PRAI IN 2004-MU1188
                                                     A
          A method for the preparation of a polymorphic crystalline form of imatinib
          mesylate in a non-needle shaped \alpha-crystalline form is presented. This
          crystalline form of imatinib mesylate is characterized in that the difference
          between the tapped and untapped d. is <0.15 g/mL.
ΙT
          220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
          RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); PYP
           (Physical process); PROC (Process)
                 (process for the preparation of a polymorphic crystalline form of
                imatinib mesylate)
RN
          220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN
          Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-
          pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
          NAME)
          CM
                    1
                    152459-95-5
          CRN
          CMF
                   C29 H31 N7 O
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CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 38 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
ΑN
          2006:367158 CAPLUS
DN
          144:398362
ΤI
          Controlled-release gastric floating matrix formulation containing Imatinib
IN
          Parvataneni, Durga Maheswari; Rongala, Appala Swamy Naidu; Podile,
          Khadgapathi; Venkaiah Chowdary, Nannapaneni
          Natco Pharma Limited, India
PΑ
SO
          PCT Int. Appl., 26 pp.
          CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
          Patent
LA
          English
FAN.CNT 1
          PATENT NO.
                                                 KIND
                                                                DATE
                                                                                       APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                                     DATE
          ______
         WO 2006040779
PΙ
                                                   A2
                                                               20060420
                                                                                       WO 2005-IN333
                                                                                                                                     20051006
          WO 2006040779
                                                   А3
                                                               20060817
                         AE, AG, AL, AM, AT AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                          CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
                          GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ,
                          LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, LY, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ,
                          NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG,
                          SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN,
                          YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
                  RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                          IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ,
                          CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
                          GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
                          KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
          IN 2004CH01049
                                                   Α
                                                               20070216
                                                                                       IN 2004-CH1049
                                                                                                                                     20041011
PRAI IN 2004-CH1049
                                                   Α
                                                               20041011
         A pharmaceutical formulation and a process for the preparation of controlled
          release gastric floating matrix solid oral dosage form of Imatinib or its
          pharmaceutically acceptable salts and its polymorphs such as
          \beta, \alpha2, Form I and Form 2 thereof for once daily administration
          in the form of coated tablet or minitablets and/or pellets filled in hard
          gelatin capsules are disclosed.
          152459-95-5, Imatinib 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
IT
          RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical
          process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process);
          USES (Uses)
                (controlled-release gastric floating matrix formulation containing
                Imatinib)
RN
          152459-95-5 CAPLUS
          Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl
CN
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)
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RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM :

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

- L17 ANSWER 39 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2006:312180 CAPLUS
- DN 145:306234
- TI Influence of coagulation factor, vitamin K epoxide reductase complex subunit 1, and cytochrome P450 2C9 gene polymorphisms on warfarin dose requirements
- AU Aquilante, Christina L.; Langaee, Taimour Y.; Lopez, Larry M.; Yarandi, Hossein N.; Tromberg, Jennifer S.; Mohuczy, Dagmara; Gaston, Katherine L.; Waddell, Cassandra D.; Chirico, Mark J.; Johnson, Julie A.
- CS Department of Pharmacy Practice, Malcolm Randall Veterans Administration Medical Center, University of Florida College of Pharmacy, Gainesville, FL, USA
- SO Clinical Pharmacology & Therapeutics (New York, NY, United States) (2006), 79(4), 291-302
 CODEN: CLPTAT; ISSN: 0009-9236
- PB Elsevier
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Introduction: The primary objective of this study was to determine whether variability in warfarin dose requirements is determined by common polymorphisms in genes whose products are involved in the pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics of warfarin, namely, the coaqulation factors, vitamin K epoxide reductase complex subunit 1 (VKORC1), and cytochrome P 450 (CYP) 2C9. Methods: Patients (N = 350) receiving stable doses of warfarin at 3 consecutive visits were enrolled, and a DNA sample was collected. Samples were genotyped for polymorphisms in the factor II, factor VII, factor X, VKORC1, and CYP2C9 genes. A stepwise linear regression anal. was used to determine the independent effects of genetic and nongenetic factors on mean warfarin dose requirements. Results: Variables associated with lower warfarin dose requirements were VKORC1 3673 AA genotype (P < .0001), VKORC1 3673 GA genotype (P < .0001), 1 variant CYP2C9 allele (P < .0001), 2 variant CYP2C9 alleles (P = .0004), increasing age (P = .0005), concomitant CYP2C9 inhibitors (P = .0005), and goal international normalized ratio (P = .01). Variables associated with higher warfarin dose requirements were weight (P < .0001), current smoker status (P = .0009), mean international normalized ratio (P = .001), concomitant CYP2C9 inducers (P = .006), factor X insertion/deletion genotype (P = .01), factor X insertion/insertion genotype (P = .04), factor VII deletion/deletion genotype (P = .04), and calculated vitamin K intake (P = .05). The linear regression model explained 51.4% of the variability in warfarin dose requirements. Conclusion: Polymorphisms in warfarin drug target and metabolizing enzyme genes, in addition to nongenetic factors, were important determinants of warfarin dose requirements.
- IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib
 - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (cytochrome P 450 2C9 inhibitor imatinib was associated with low warfarin dose requirement in patient undergoing stable warfarin anticoagulant therapy)
- RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L17 ANSWER 40 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
AN 2006:229169 CAPLUS
DN 144:403621
TI Functional SNPs of the breast cancer resistance protein - therapeutic effects and inhibitor development
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AU Yanase, Kae; Tsukahara, Satomi; Mitsuhashi, Junko; Sugimoto, Yoshikazu CS Department of Chemotherapy, Kyoritsu University of Pharmacy, 1-5-30

Shibakoen, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 105-8512, Japan SO Cancer Letters (Amsterdam, Netherlands) (2006

Cancer Letters (Amsterdam, Netherlands) (2006), 234(1), 73-80 CODEN: CALEDQ; ISSN: 0304-3835

PB Elsevier B.V.

DT Journal; General Review

LA English

AΒ A review. Breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP) is a half-mol. ATP-binding cassette transporter that pumps out various anticancer agents such as 7-ethyl-10-hydroxycamptothecin, topotecan, and mitoxantrone. We have previously identified three polymorphisms within the BCRP gene, G34A (substituting Met for Val-12), C376T (substituting a stop codon for Gln-126), and C421A (substituting Lys for Gln-141). C421A BCRP-transfected murine fibroblast PA317 cells showed markedly decreased protein expression and low-level drug resistance when compared with wild-type BCRP-transfected cells. In contrast, G34A BCRP-transfected PA317 cells showed a similar protein expression and drug resistance profile to wild-type. The C376T polymorphism would be expected to have a considerable impact as active BCRP protein will not be expressed from a T376 allele. Hence, people with C376T and/or C421A polymorphisms may express low levels of BCRP, resulting in hypersensitivity of normal cells to BCRP-substrate anticancer agents. Estrogens, estrone, and 17β -estradiol were previously found to restore drug sensitivity levels in BCRP-transduced cells by increasing the cellular accumulation of anticancer agents. BCRP transports sulfated estrogens but not free estrogens and in a series of screening expts. for synthesized and natural estrogenic compds., several tamoxifen derivs. and phytoestrogens/flavonoids were identified that effectively circumvent BCRP-mediated drug resistance. The kinase inhibitors gefitinib and imatinib mesylate also interact with BCRP. Gefitinib, an inhibitor of epidermal growth factor receptor-tyrosine kinase, inhibits its transporter function and reverses BCRP-mediated drug resistance both in vitro and in BCRP-transfected human epidermoid carcinoma A431 cells and BCRP-transfected human non-small cell lung cancer PC-9 cells show gefitinib resistance. Imatinib, an inhibitor of BCR-ABL tyrosine kinase, also inhibits BCRP-mediated drug transport. Hence, both functional SNPs and inhibitors of BCRP reduce its transporter function and thus modulate substrate pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics.

IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (therapeutic effects and inhibitor development for functional SNPs of breast cancer resistance protein)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 55 THERE ARE 55 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 41 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN AN 2006:211340 CAPLUS DN 145:159216 TI The role of the K247R substitution in the ABL tyrosine kinase domain in sensitivity to imatinib ΑU Nicolini, Franck Emmanuel; Chabane, Kaddour; Cayuela, Jean-Michel; Rousselot, Phylippe; Thomas, Xavier; Hayette, Sandrine Hematology Department, Hopital Ed. Herriot, Lyon, Fr. Haematologica (2006), 91(1), 137-138 CS SO CODEN: HAEMAX: ISSN: 0390-6078 Ferrata Storti Foundation PB DT Journal LA English AB Imatinib mesylate has become the gold standard front-line treatment of chronic myelogenous leukemia through its ability to inhibit ABL tyrosine kinase. Resistance to this inhibition may occur. We investigated the role of the K247R polymorphism in persistent sensitivity. IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (ABL tyrosine kinase gene K247R polymorphism associated with F317L mutation had no impact on persistent sensitivity to imatinib mesylate in chronic myelogenous leukemia patient) RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1]]]CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 9 THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 42 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2006:183686 CAPLUS
- DN 144:305016
- TI Mutation and expression of PDGFRA and KIT in malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumors, and its implications for imatinib sensitivity
- AU Holtkamp, Nikola; Okuducu, Ali Fuat; Mucha, Jana; Afanasieva, Anastasia; Hartmann, Christian; Atallah, Isis; Estevez-Schwarz, Lope; Mawrin, Christian; Friedrich, Reinhard E.; Mautner, Victor-F.; von Deimling, Andreas
- CS Institute of Neuropathology, Charite-Universitaetsmedizin Berlin, Germany
- SO Carcinogenesis (2006), 27(3), 664-671 CODEN: CRNGDP; USSN: 0143-3334
- PB Oxford University Press
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Platelet-derived growth factor receptor alpha (PDGFRa) and c-Kit are receptor tyrosine kinases. Both are targets of the tyrosine kinase inhibitor imatinib mesylate which is approved for treatment of some cancers. To assess the role of PDGFR α and c-Kit in malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumors (MPNST) we examined human tumors for structural alterations, protein and ligand expression. We investigated 34 MPNST, 6 corresponding plexiform neurofibromas (pNF) and 1 MPNST cell culture from 31 patients for mutations and polymorphisms in PDGFRA (exon 2-21) and KIT (exon 9, 11, 13, 17). PDGFRA was amplified in seven tumors from six patients and MPNST cell culture S462. KIT was amplified in five tumors from four patients and in the cell culture. MPNST carried somatic PDGFRA mutations in exons coding for the extracellular domain. In addition we detected several polymorphisms in PDGFRA. No point mutations or polymorphisms were detected in the four KIT exons analyzed. PDGFR α expression was present in 21 of 28 MPNST patients (75%) and the MPNST cell culture. Expression anal. of PDGFR α ligands in MPNST and neurofibromas revealed that PDGF-A was more widely expressed than PDGF-B. Focal c-Kit expression was detected in 2 of 29 (7%) MPNST patients. Imatinib treatment of MPNST cell culture S462 exerted a growth inhibitory effect and prevented PDGF-AA induced PDGFRα phosphorylation. In summary, PDGFRA, PDGF and KIT dysregulation as well as growth inhibition of cell culture S462 by imatinib may suggest that MPNST patients benefit from treatment with imatinib.
- IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (mutation and expression of PDGFR α and c-KIT in malignant peripheral nerve sheath tumors, and its implications for imatinib sensitivity)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 43 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
      2006:167588
                    CAPLUS
      144:254148
DN
ΤI
      Aminopteridinones as anticancer agents, their preparation, pharmaceutical
      compositions, and use in therapy
ΙN
      Munzert, Gerd; Steegmaier, Martin; Baum, Anke
PA
      Boehringer Ingelheim International G.m.b.H., Germany; Boehringer Ingelheim
      Pharma G.m.b.H. & Co. K.-G.
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 158 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                                      SATE
                             KIND
                                                   APPLICATION NO.
                                                                              DATE
                             ____
                                      _____
                                                    ______
PΙ
      WO 2006018182
                                     20060223
                                                   WO 2005-EP8623
                              A1
                                                                              20050809
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               AE, AG, AL, AM, AT,
                                               /BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
               CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU,
               ZA, ZM, ZW
          RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH,
               GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY,
               KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM
      US 2006058311
                              Α1
                                     20060316
                                                   US 2005-189540
                                                                              20050726
     AU 2005274384
                              A1
                                                   AU 2005-274384
                                     20060223
                                                                              20050809
     CA 2576269
                              A1
                                     20060223
                                                   CA 2005-2576269
                                                                              20050809
     EP 1827441
                              A1
                                     20070905
                                                   EP 2005-770228
                                                                              20050809
               AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
               IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BA,
               HR, YU
     IN 2007DN00888
                              Α
                                     20070803
                                                   IN 2007-DN888
                                                                              20070202
PRAI EP 2004-19361
                              Α
                                     20040814
     EP 2004-19448
                              Α
                                     20040817
     WO 2005-EP8623
                              W
                                     20050809
OS
     MARPAT 144:254148
     The invention relates to a group of aminopteridinones I, which are useful
AB
      for the treatment of diseases which involve cell proliferation. In
     compds. I, R1 and R2 are independently selected from H and (un)substituted
     C1-6 alkyl, or R1 and R2 together form a 2- to 5-membered alkylene bridge,
     optionally containing 1 or 2 heteroatoms; R3 is (un)substituted C1-12 alkyl,
     C2-12 alkenyl, C2-12 alkynyl, C6-14 aryl, etc.; R4 is H, OH, CN, halo,
      (un) substituted amino, (un) substituted C1-6 alkyl, C1-5 alkoxy, etc.; L is
      (un) substituted C2-10 alkylene, (un) substituted C2-10 alkenylene,
      (un) substituted 'C6-14 arylene, etc.; R5 is (un) substituted morpholinyl,
      (un) substituted piperidinyl, (un) substituted piperazinyl, (un) substituted
     piperazinylcarbonyl, (un)substituted pyrrolidinyl, (un)substituted
     thiomorpholinyl, etc.; n is 0 or 1; and m is 1 or 2; including tautomers,
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angiogenesis. Esterification of (R)-2-aminobutyric acid and reductive condensation with cyclopentanone gave cyclopentylamine II, which underwent

compns. comprising a compound I, at least one other therapeutic agent, optionally with one or more pharmaceutically acceptable excipients, as well as to the use of the compns. for the treatment of diseases which involve cell proliferation, migration or apoptosis of cancer cells, or

stereoisomers, salts, solvates, polymorphs, and prodrugs

thereof. The invention also relates to the preparation of I, pharmaceutical

regioselective substitution of 2,4-dichloro-5-nitropyrimidine and reductive heterocyclization to form pteridinone III. N-Methylation of III followed by substitution with 4-amino-3-methoxybenzoic acid and amidation with 1-methyl-4-aminopiperidine resulted in the formation of aminopteridinone IV. A combination of suboptimal doses of irinotecan and compound IV shows an additive/synergistic effect in a human colon carcinoma model and is well tolerated. Meanwhile, compound IV acts at least additively with docetaxel in a human non-small cell lung carcinoma model and not antagonistically with gemcitabine in a human adenocarcinoma model. 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(preparation of aminopteridinones for use in combination therapy for treatment of cell proliferative diseases)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

TΤ

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 44 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2005:1140722 CAPLUS
- DN 144:205280
- TI A single nucleotide polymorphism in the coding region of ABL and its effects on sensitivity to imatinib
- AU Crossman, L. C.; O'Hare, T.; Lange, T.; Willis, S. G.; Stoffregen, E. P.; Corbin, A. S. O'Brien, S. G.; Heinrich, M. C.; Druker, B. J.; Middleton, P. G.; Deinsinger, M. W. N.
- CS Oregon Health & Science University Cancer Institute, Portland, OR, USA
- SO Leukemia (2005), 19(11), 1859-1862 CODEN: LEUKED; ISSN: 0887-6924
- PB Nature Publishing Group
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB We have identified a gene polymorphism (K247R) within or close to the P-loop of BCR-ABL, which leads to the substitution of arginine for lysine. We investigated the allelic frequency of K247R by screening 157 CML patients and 213 healthy blood donors with conventional sequencing, restriction enzyme digest and single strand conformational polymorphism anal., and found the arginine allele to be rare. Three out of five CML patients with the arginine allele of K247R failed to achieve a major cytogenetic response to imatinib, suggesting that the arginine allele may have reduced sensitivity. However, despite K247R's position in or near to the P-loop, biochem. and cellular assays of imatinib and dasatinib sensitivity showed no alteration compared to wild type. Clinicians should be aware that possession of the arginine allele of K247R does not reflect a mutation that necessitates a change in the therapeutic strategy, unless there are other signs of inadequate response to drug.
- IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(single nucleotide polymorphism K247R in coding region of BCR-ABL gene with arginine allele for lysine failed to achieve major cytogenetic response to imatinib indicating arginine may reduce sensitivity to imatinib in CML patient)

- RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 21 THERE ARE 21 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L17
         ANSWER 45 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ΑN
          2005:1106857 CAPLUS
DN
          143:392946
 ΤI
          Preparation of crystalline methanesulfonic acid addition salts of imatinib
 IN
          Szczepek, Wojciech; Samson-Lazinska, Dorota; Zagrodzki, Bogdan; Glice,
          Magdalena; Maruszak, Wioleta; Korczak, Kataryzna; Modzelewski, Ryszard;
          Lawecka, Marta; Kaczmarek, Lukasz; Szelejewski, Wieslaw; Fraczek, Urszula;
          Cmoch, Piotr
 PA
          Instytut Farmaceutyczny, Pol.
SO
          PCT Int. Appl., 68 pp.
          CODEN: PIXXD2
DΤ
          Patent
LA
         English
FAN.CNT 1
         PATENT NO.
                                              KIND
                                                          DATE
                                                                                APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                         DATE
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         WO 2005095379
PΤ
                                               A2
                                                          20051013
                                                                                WO 2005-PL24
                                                                                                                         20050402
         WO 2005095379
                                               AЗ
                                                          20060518
                       AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                        CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
                        GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
                        LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
                        NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM,
                        SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
                 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
                        AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
                        EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
                        RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
                        MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
         EP 1742933
                                               A2
                                                          20070117
                                                                              EP 2005-731354
                                                                                                                         20050402
                       AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                        IS, IT, LI, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, AL, BA,
                        HR, LV, MK, YU
         US 2007197545
                                                                               US 2006-599461
                                               A1
                                                          20070823
                                                                                                                         20060929
PRAI PL 2004-366885
                                               Α
                                                          20040402
         PL 2005-374074
                                               Α
                                                          20050401
         WO 2005-PL24
                                               W
                                                          20050402
AB
         The invention relates to the methanesulfonic acid addition salts of imatinib
         and to the processes for their preparation In particular, the invention
         relates to the process for the preparation of imatinib methanesulfonate
         \alpha-crystal form. Furthermore, the invention is directed to a novel
         acid addition salt of imatinib with 2 mols. of methanesulfonic acid and the
         polymorphic forms thereof as well as their pharmaceutical compns.
         The suspension of imatinib in anhydrous EtOH was heated to 75°, and
        methanesulfonic acid was slowly added dropwise. EtOAc was added and the mixture was cooled to 30°, while being stirred. The seeds of \alpha\text{-crystal} form were added and then the mixture was cooled and stirred
         at 13-20° for 4 h. The crystals were filtered off, and dried to
         obtain \alpha-crystal form of imatinib mesylate yield: 65.0%.
ΙT
         866527-60-8P
         RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
               (preparation of crystalline methanesulfonic acid addition salts of imatinib)
         866527-60-8 CAPLUS
RN
CN
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-(3-methyl-3-
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, dimethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA
         INDEX NAME)
         CM
                  1
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CRN 152459-95-5

CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

IT 220127-57-1P, IMatinib mesylate

RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystalline methanesulfonic acid addition salts of imatinib)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: RCT (Reactant); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)

(preparation of crystalline methanesulfonic acid addition salts of imatinib).

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

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ANSWER 46 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2005:1026883 CAPLUS
DN
     143:324151
ΤI
     Protein tyrosine phosphatase PTPN22 polymorphisms in diagnosis
     and therapy of rheumatoid arthritis and related disorders
IN
     Broder, Samuel E.; Booth, Robert F.
PΑ
     Celera, An Applera Corporation Business, USA
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 140 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
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     PATENT NO.
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                                                                   DATE
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                                            WO 2005-US7800
PΙ
     WO 2005086872
                         A2
                                                                   20050308
     WO 2005086872
                         А3
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             CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
             GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
             LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
             NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM,
             SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM,
         RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
             AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
             EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT,
             RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML,
             MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2004-552216P
                         Ρ
                                20040310
     This invention relates to the discovery that polymorphisms of
     the intracellular tyrosine phosphatase PTPN22 are associated with cellular
     proliferative, immune system, and inflammatory disorders in humans.
     12,000 SNPs from throughout the entire genome were screened in the
     discovery sample set cohort which lead to the discovery that
     polymorphisms of the PTPN22 are statistically associated with the
     occurrence of rheumatoid arthritis in humans. SNP-1 represents a missense
     mutation at position 1970 of the transcript DNA wherein the nucleotide
     residue is a T rather than a C, and the polymorphism encodes a
     tryptophan rather than an arginine in PTPN22 protein at position 620.
     SNP-1 polymorphism occurs much more often (about 15%) in a
     population having rheumatoid arthritis as compared to a control
     population. The odds ratio is about 1.7 and indicates that the SNP-1
     polymorphism occurs nearly twice as frequently in patients with
     rheumatoid arthritis than in well-matched controls. The invention
     provides: (1) methods and compns. for detecting polymorphisms of
     the PTPN22 genomic DNA; (2) methods for associating polymorphisms of
     the PTPN22 gene with the occurrence of an immune disorder, inflammatory
     disorder or cell proliferation disorder; (3) methods for identifying
     subjects at risk of an immune disorder, inflammatory disorder or cell
    proliferation disorder by determining if they have a polymorphism of
     the PTPN22 gene and treating such subjects with a tyrosine kinase
     inhibitor to prevent or delay the progression of such diseases; (4)
    methods for identifying subjects having an immune disorder, inflammatory
     disorder or cell proliferation disorder who are promising candidates for
     therapy with a tyrosine kinase inhibitor by determining if such subjects have a
     polymorphism of the PTPN22 gene; and (5) methods of treating
    subjects having an immune disorder, inflammatory disorder or cell
    proliferation disorder mediated by a polymorphism of the PTPN22
    gene by administering to such subjects a tyrosine kinase inhibitor.
ΙT
    220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
    RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)
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(protein tyrosine phosphatase PTPN22 polymorphisms in diagnosis and therapy of rheumatoid arthritis and related disorders) 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-me

Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

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L17
      ANSWER 47 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
       2005:902882 CAPLUS
DN
       143:235468
ΤI
      Novel polymorphic form of imatinib mesylate and a process for
       its preparation
      Amala, Kompella; Srinivasa Rao, Thungathurthi; Adibhatla Kali Satya,
IN
      Bhujanga Rao; Rachakonda, Sreenivas; Venkaiah Chowdary, Nannapaneni;
      Podili, Khadqapathi
PΑ
      Natco Pharma Limited, India
SO
      PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
LA
      English
FAN.CNT 1
                                        DATE
      PATENT NO.
                                KIND
                                                        APPLICATION NO.
                                        (----
                                ____
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PΙ
      WO 2005077933
                                        20050825
                                                       WO 2004-IN352
                                 Α1
                                                                                     20041116
           W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR,
                SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR,
                NE, SN, TD, TG
      IN 2004CH00105
                                        20070302
                                 Α
                                                        IN 2004-CH105
                                                                                     20040211
      IN 2004CH00706
                                 Α
                                                       IN 2004-CH706
                                        20060623
                                                                                     20040720
      IN 2004CH00712
                                 Α
                                        20070914
                                                       IN 2004-CH712
                                                                                     20040721
      CA 2555804
                                 A1
                                        20050825
                                                       CA 2004-2555804
                                                                                     20041116
      EP 1720853
                                        20061115
                                 A1
                                                       EP 2004-806748
                                                                                     20041116
                AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE,
                 IS, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR
PRAI IN 2004-CH105
                                Α
                                        20040211
      WO 2004-IN352
                                 W
                                        20041116
AB
      This invention discloses a novel stable crystal form of imatinib mesylate,
      designated by us as \alpha 2 Form, which is stable at room temperature and even
      at higher temps. up to 120 °C and accelerated stress conditions
      and, freely soluble in water. This invention also discloses a pharmaceutical
      composition containing the novel stable \alpha 2 form of Imatinib mesylate and
      other usually employed excipients, useful in the treatment of Chronic
      Myelogenous Leukemia (CML). This new \alpha2 Form of imatinib mesylate
      is prepared by slurrying Imatinib base in isopropanol at room temperature
followed
      by addition of methane sulfonic acid and maintaining 50-60 °C followed
      by filtration. This invention also discloses another process for the
      preparation of the novel, stable \alpha 2 crystalline form of Imatinib Mesylate by
      the conversion of Imatinib mesylate \beta- polymorphic
      modification by suspending it in water and organic solvents, distilling off
water
      azeotropically, cooling and filtering to obtain the \alpha 2 crystal form.
      220127-57-1P, Imatinib mesylate
ΙT
      RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical
      process); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PRP (Properties); PYP (Physical
      process); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
      (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)
          (novel polymorphic form of imatinib mesylate and a process
```

for its preparation)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (novel polymorphic form of imatinib mesylate and a process
 for its preparation)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 48 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:404225 CAPLUS

DN 143:109151

TI Effects of STI571 (gleevec) on pancreatic cancer cell growth

AU Li, Junsheng; Kleeff, Joerg; Guo, Junchao; Fischer, Lars; Giese, Nathalia; Buechler, Markus W.; Friess, Helmut

CS Department of General Surgery, University of Heidelberg, Heidelberg, 69120, Germany

SO Molecular Cancer (2003), 2, No pp. given CODEN: MCOACG; ISSN: 1476-4598

URL: http://www.molecular-cancer.com/content/pdf/1476-4598-2-32.pdf

PB BioMed Central Ltd.

DT Journal; (online computer file)

LA English

AB Background: Pancreatic cancer is an aggressive malignancy characterized by low responsiveness to chemotherapy and radiotherapy. This resistance is partly due to the overexpression of several tyrosine kinase receptors and their ligands. STI571 has specific activity in inhibiting c-kit, PDGF and Abl receptor tyrosine kinases and has proven successful in the treatment of CML and GIST patients. Here, we investigated the potential role of STI571 in pancreatic cancer. Results: The GI50 of STI571 as well as the effects of STI571 on growth factor actions in pancreatic cell lines were analyzed using the MTT assay. FACS anal. using Annexin and PI staining was performed to study cell cycle, apoptosis, and cell death. Western blot anal. was carried out to investigate MAP kinase and receptor tyrosine kinase phosphorylation. STI571 inhibited cell proliferation in pancreatic cancer cell lines with GI50 concns. ranging from 17 to 31.5 microM. IGF-1, and FGF-2 but not PDGF exerted growth stimulatory effects in pancreatic cancer cell lines. STI571 only partly blocked these effects on cell growth, and did not abrogate growth factor-induced receptor and MAPK phosphorylation. Conclusion: Our data demonstrate that STI571 inhibits pancreatic cancer cell growth with high GI50 concns. through tyrosine-kinase receptor independent pathways. The clin. application of STI571 in pancreatic cancer is therefore rather doubtful.

IT 220127-57-1, Gleevec

RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (C1744T transition is common polymorphism which result in

Pro582Ser change in ODD domain of HIF-1 α does not impair either Pro-564 hydroxylation or its subsequent recognition by VHL protein in patient with idiopathic erythrocytosis)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O



CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 49 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:312458 CAPLUS

DN 143:42398

TI Characteristic of two mouse bcr-abl-transformed cell lines: I. General properties of the cells

AU Sobotkova, E.; Ludvikova, V.; Petrackova, M.; Duskova, M.; Smetana, K.; Jelinek, F.; Marinov, I.; Vonka, V.

CS Department of Experimental Virology, Institute of Hematology and Blood Transfusion, Prague, Czech Rep.

SO Folia Biologica (Prague, Czech Republic) (2005), 51(1), 12-18 CODEN: FOBLAN; ISSN: 0015-5500

PB Institute of Molecular Genetics

DT Journal

LA English

In an effort to develop an exptl. system suitable for immunol. studies in AB which Bcr-Abl-pos. cells are to be used as antigens, we examined the properties of two mouse (Balb/c) established cell lines that express the Bcr-Abl protein and are oncogenic for syngeneic animals. Under standard conditions the two cell lines, viz. Ba-p210 (B210) and 12B1, expressed comparable amts. of the Bcr-Abl protein. However, they differed in a number of characteristics. From the morphol. point of view, B210 cells were the more homogeneous, being mainly represented by leukemic blastic cells with a large number of AgNORs as markers indicating a high proliferative activity. 12B1 cells were more polymorphic and giant cells were detected within their populations. Many 12B1 cells exhibited nuclear segmentation and "band-like" structures. Markers of proliferation were less frequent in 12B1 and the tendency for aging was more pronounced in these cells. The 12B1 cells were slightly more sensitive to imatinib mesylate than B210 cells. In B210 cells, the expression of MHC class I was down-regulated, which was not the case with 12B1 cells. Both cell lines induced leukemia-like disease in mice after i.v. application but, as compared with B210, 12B1 cells were about 100 times more oncogenic and the disease they induced was more aggressive. Moreover, 12B1, but not B210, induced tumors after s.c. or i.p. inoculation.

IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (oncogenic activities of mouse bcr-abl transformed cell lines and sensitivity to)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 50 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L17 2005:307632 CAPLUS AΝ 142:441150 DN Pharmacogenomics and the drug discovery pipeline: when should it be TΙ implemented? ΑU Penny, Michelle A.; McHale, Duncan Clinical Pharmacogenomics, Pfizer Global Research and Development, CS Sandwich, UK (2005),American Journal of PharmacoGenomics 5(1), 53-62SO CODEN: AJPMC8; ISSN: 1175-2203 PΒ Adis International Ltd. Journal; General Review DT LA English AB
 - A review. One of the key factors in developing improved medicines lies in understanding the mol. basis of the complex diseases we treat. Investigation of genetic assocns. with disease utilizing advances in linkage disequil.-based whole genome association strategies will provide novel targets for therapy and define relevant pathways contributing to disease pathogenesis. Genetic studies in conjunction with gene expression, proteomic, and metabonomic analyses provide a powerful tool to identify mol. subtypes of disease. Using these mol. data, pharmacogenomics has the potential to impact on the drug discovery and development process at many stages of the pipeline, contributing to both target identification and increased confidence in the therapeutic rationale. This is exemplified by the identified association of 5-lipoxygenase-activating protein (ALOX5AP/FLAP) with increased risk of myocardial infarction, and of the chemokine receptor 5 (CCR5) with HIV infection and therapy. Pharmacogenomics has already been used in oncol. to demonstrate that mol. data facilitates assessment of disease heterogeneity, and thus identification of mol. markers of response to drugs such as imatinib mesylate (Gleevec) and trastuzumab (Herceptin). Knowledge of genetic variation in a target allows early assessment of the clin. significance of polymorphism through the appropriate design of preclin. studies and use of relevant animal models. A focused pharmacogenomic strategy at the preclin. phase of drug development will produce data to inform the pharmacogenomic plan for exploratory and full development of compds. Opportunities post-approval show the value of large well-characterized data sets for a systematic assessment of the contribution of genetic determinants to adverse drug reactions and efficacy. The availability of genomic samples in large phase IV trials also provides a valuable resource for further understanding the mol. basis of disease heterogeneity, providing data that feeds back into the drug discovery process in target identification and validation for the next generation of improved medicines.

ΙT 220127-57-1, Gleevec

> RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (pharmacogenomics could be used for drug discovery pipeline in oncol. for assessment of mol. data facilities of disease heterogeneity and identification of mol. markers in response to imatinib mesylate, trastuzumab drugs)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-1][4-(3-methyl-3-1)methylCN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 86 THERE ARE 86 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 51 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:149182 CAPLUS

DN 142:456387

TI Imatinib pharmacokinetics in patients with gastrointestinal stromal tumour: a retrospective population pharmacokinetic study over time. EORTC Soft Tissue and Bone Sarcoma Group

AU Judson, Ian; Ma, Peiming; Peng, Bin; Verweij, Jaap; Racine, Amy; Paola, Eugenio Donato; Glabbeke, Martine; Dimitrijevic, Sasa; Scurr, Michelle; Dumez, Herlinde; Oosterom, Allan

CS Royal Marsden Hospital, London, SW3 6JJ, UK

SO Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology (2005) 55(4), 379-386 CODEN: CCPHDZ; ISSN: 0344-5704

PB Springer GmbH

DT Journal

LA English

ΑB Imatinib pharmacokinetics (PK) may be affected by a number of factors that are related to the disease being treated and to the response of that disease to imatinib. Patients in the phase I and phase II trials conducted by the EORTC in patients with gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GISTs) and other sarcomas had detailed blood sampling for imatinib PK on day 1 and on day 29. Patients with GISTs also had repeat sampling, using a limited sampling strategy, after approx. 12 mo on therapy. population PK study was carried out to examine what covariates affected imatinib PK in GIST patients and what PK changes occurred over time. In the model producing the best fit, low clearance (CL) correlated with low body weight and high granulocyte count, whereas low Hb correlated with low volume of distribution. For a patient with 77% of the median body weight or with 1.87 times the median granulocyte count, the apparent CL is 6.53 1/h, about 70% of the typical apparent CL of 9.33 1/h; for a patient of 84% of the typical Hb level, the volume of distribution is about 70%. Total white blood cell count correlated closely with granulocyte count and there was a moderate correlation between Hb and albumin (r=0.454). There was a trend towards increased imatinib clearance after chronic exposure over 12 mo. The typical apparent CL increased 33% from day 1. Nevertheless, the approx. 95% confidence interval of the increase of the typical apparent CL was $33\pm34.6\%$, which contains zero. It is not yet clear whether this is a significant factor in the amelioration of imatinib toxicity that occurs with time or is related to disease control, and further work is required to confirm this observation.

IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (imatinib pharmacokinetics showed time-dependent increase in apparent clearance in patient with soft tissue sarcoma and gastrointestinal stromal tumor)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 52 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
         2005:76317 CAPLUS
AN
DN
         142:171154
ΤI
         Protein and cDNA sequences of human FOXO3a and methods for modulating
         ovarian follicular initiation
         Castrillon, Diego H.; Depinho, Ronald A.
ΙN
PA
         Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, USA
SO
         PCT Int. Appl., 100 pp.
         CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
         Patent
LA
         English
FAN.CNT 1
         PATENT NO.
                                               KIND
                                                                                   APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                                              DATE
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                                                                                                                              -----
          ______
ΡI
         WO 2005007687
                                                              .0050127
                                                                                 WO 2004-US21814
                                                                                                                              20040707
                                                 Α1
                       AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, (AU, AZ,
                                                                             BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH,
                        CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK,/DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD,
                        GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC,
                        LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI,
                        NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY,
                        TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
                 RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM,
                        AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK,
                        EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE,
                        SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE,
                        SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 2003-486016P
                                                 Ρ
                                                            20030709
         The present invention provides methods for modulating ovarian follicular
         initiation, modulating fertility, treating infertility, and treating
         hormone-related diseases or disorders comprising modulating the expression
         or activity of FOXO3a. The present invention provides protein and cDNA
         sequences of human FOXO3a and identification of single nucleotide
         polymorphisms in FOXO3a gene, which is indicative of premature
         ovarian failure in the subject. The present invention also provides an
         animal, e.g., transgenic mouse, in which the FOXO3a gene is misexpressed.
         Methods for identifying contraceptive agents are also described. Also
         described are methods for diagnosing premature ovarian failure (POF).
IT
         220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
         RL: DGN (Diagnostic use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study);
         USES (Uses)
               (protein and cDNA sequences of human FOXO3a and methods for modulating
               ovarian follicular initiation)
         220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
         Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-[4-methyl-3-
CN
         pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
         NAME)
         CM
                  1
                  152459-95-5
         CMF C29 H31 N7 O
                                               - C- NH-
```

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 53 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L17

2004:1047047 CAPLUS AN

DN 142:253425

ΤI Anticancer agents and genetic polymorphisms of drug metabolizing

ΑU Fujieda, Masaki; Kamataki, Tetsuya

Div. of DrugMetabolism, Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Science, Hokkaido University, Japan Jikken Igaku (2004), 22(14), 2061-2065 CODEN: JIIGEF ISSN: 0288-5514 CS

SO

Yodosha PB

Journal; General Review DT

LA Japanese

AB A review. Anticancer agents and genetic polymorphisms of drug metabolizing enzyme is reviewed including the role of cytochrome P 450, SNP, uridine diphosphate glucuronosyltransferase, and thiopurine methyl-transferase in genetic polymorphisms of antitumor agent metabolizing enzyme with Gleevec, Herceptin, Iressa, and 5-FU etc. as examples.

220127-57-1, Gleevec ΙT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(anticancer agents and genetic polymorphisms of drug metabolizing enzyme)

220127-57-1 CAPLUS RN

CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

152459-95-5 CRN CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

75-75-2 CRN C H4 O3 S CMF

ANSWER 54 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

2004:836441 CAPLUS ΑN

DN 142:170471

TI

ΑU

Application of human genome data to personalized medicine Furukawa, Yoichi; Nakamura, Yusuke Institute of Medical Science, University of Tokyo, Japan BIO Clinica (2004) 19(11), 878-882 CS

CODEN: BCILOY; ISSN: 0919-8237

PΒ Hokuryukan

Journal; General Review DT

LA Japanese

SO

A review discussed the importance of the establishment of genomics AΒ information for human individuals in the personalized medication system. The predicting the genetic susceptibility of human individuals to various common and complex diseases by the SNP typing and the comprehensive organization of the genetic information into the database were discussed. Revealing the gene expression patterns in cancers was described as another pathway of the genomics to clin. medicine. Variations of the cancer therapy prognosis dependent on the individual genetic background expecially regarding drug metabolism related to anticancer drug sensitivity and the onset of adversed actions were described with the examples of gleevec-therapy or iressa-therapy.

ΙT 220127-57-1, Gleevec

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (genetic variation of efficiency of; application of human genome data to personalized medicine)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 C H4 03 S CMF

L17 ANSWER 55 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:776365 CAPLUS

141:405777 DN

TIDevelopment of hygromas or severe edema during treatment with the tyrosine kinase inhibitor STI571 is not associated with platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR) gene polymorphisms

ΑU Bruck, Patrick; Wassmann, Barbara; Lopez, Elizabeth Ramos; Hoelzer, Dieter; Ottmann, Oliver G.

Department of Hematology and Oncology, Medizinische Klinik III, Johann Wolfgang Goethe-University, Frankfurt, 60590, Germany Leukemia Research (2004), 28(11), 1153-1157 CS

SO CODEN: LEREDD; ISSN: 0145/2126

PB Elsevier B.V.

DTJournal

LA English

STI571 is active against Bcr/Abl-, c-kit- and platelet-derived growth AR factor receptor (PDGFR)-driven malignancies. Mild to moderate edema is common, whereas severe edema, body cavity effusions and subdural hygromas are rarely observed These effects have been suggested to involve inhibition of PDGFR signaling, but predisposing factors are unknown. We examined SNPs in the PDGFR α and β gene regions in STI571-treated patients with and without life-threatening edema or cerebral hygromas, and in healthy volunteers. By RFLP anal. of 15 SNPs, the frequencies of genotypes did not differ between the three groups. SNPs of PDGFR genes do not appear to play a role in patient's susceptibility to clin. severe edema formation during treatment with STI571.

IT 220127-57-1, STI571

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(STI571 induced hygromas or edema not associated with platelet-derived growth factor receptor gene polymorphisms)

220127-57-1 CAPLUS RN

CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

2 CM

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 56 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN L17
- ΑN 2004:750535 CAPLUS
- DN 141:325332
- ΤI TP53 codon 72 polymorphism in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia
- ΑU Bergamaschi, Gaetano; Merante, Serena; Orlandi, Ester; Galli, Anna; Bernasconi, Paolo; Cazzola, Mario
- Department of Internal Medicine, University of Pavia Medical School and IRCCS Policlinico San Matteo, Pavia, 27100, Italy Haematologica (2004), 89(7), 868-869 CODEN: HAEMAX, ISSN: 0390-6078 CS
- SO
- PΒ Ferrata Storti Foundation
- DΤ Journal
- T.A English
- AB A single nucleotide polymorphism at TP53 codon 72 means that 2 alleles exist: Al (Pro residue, Pro72) and A2 (Arg residue, Arg72). The Pro72 variant of p53 has a lower apoptotic potential. We found that allele Al was more frequent in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) than in controls, and among CML patients who had no cytogenetic response than among responders.
- IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (TP53 codon 72 polymorphism in chronic myeloid leukemia related to imatinib resistance)
- RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17ANSWER 57 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ΑN 2004:471551 CAPLUS

DN 142:16188

ΤI CYP3A5 genotype and midazolam clearance in Australian patients receiving chemotherapy

ΑU Wong, Mark; Balleine, Rosemary L.; Collins, Michael; Liddle, Christopher; Clarke, Christine L.; Gurney, Howard

CS Westmead Institute for Cancer Research, New South Wales, Australia

Minical Pharmacology & Therapeutics (St. Louis, MO, United States) SO (2004) 75(6), 529-538 CODEN: CLPTAT; ISSN: 0009-9236

PB Elsevier Inc.

DTJournal

LA English

AΒ Objectives: Cytochrome P 450 (CYP) 3A enzymes are key metabolizing enzymes for many chemotherapeutic agents, and detection of functionally significant CYP3A genetic variants may be useful in predicting interpatient variation of drug clearance. We have examined the significance of CYP3A5*3 single-nucleotide polymorphism to overall CYP3A activity in vivo in a predominantly Caucasian Australian cancer population. Methods: Screening for wild-type CYP3A5*1 and CYP3A5*3 single nucleotide polymorphism by use of Taqman MGB probe allelic discrimination was performed in 67 patients with cancer (58 Caucasian patients). CYP3A activity was documented via clearance of either oral or i.v. midazolam in 64 patients. Results: All patients had at least 1 CYP3A5*3 allele, and 9 (13%) patients were heterozygous for CYP3A5*3 and CYP3A5*1. Within the subset of Caucasian patients, 6 of 58 (10%) were CYP3A5*1/*3 heterozygotes. Mean midazolam clearance was 1.7 times higher in CYP3A5*1/*3 subjects than in CYP3A5*3/*3 subjects (95% confidence interval, 1.15-2.51; P =.01, 2-way ANOVA). Conclusion: Overall CYP3A activity is related to CYP3A5 genotype. CYP3A5 genotyping may be helpful in predicting the drug-metabolizing capability of individual cancer patients who are predominantly Caucasian in origin.

ΙT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(CYP3A5*3 SNP affects overall CYP3A activity evident from higher midazolam clearance in CYP3A5*1/*3 Australian cancer patient receiving chemotherapy and CYP3A5 genotyping may help predict drug-metabolizing ability of Caucasian cancer patient)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

152459-95-5 CRN CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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ANSWER 58 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
L17
     2004:355114 CAPLUS
ΑN
DN
     140:368656
ΤI
     Genetic polymorphisms and gene expression profiles to predict
     edema as a side effect of tyrosine kinase inhibitor drug treatment
IN
     Dressman, Marlene Michelle; Kudaravalli, Sridhar; Malinowski, Rachel
     Helene; McLean, Lee Anne; Polymeropoulos, Mihael Hristos
PA
     Novartis A.-G, Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 106 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                         KIND
                                 DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                                    DATE
                                            ______
PΙ
     WO 2004035822
                          A1
                                 20040429
                                             WO 2003-EP11377
                                                                    20031014
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             GH, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LT,
             LU, LV, MA, MD, MK, MN, MX, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO,
             RU, SC, SE, SG, SK, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VC, VN,
             YU, ZA, ZW
         RW: AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE,
             SI, SK, TR
     CA 2501095
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     EP 1554400
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     BR 2003015344
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                                20050823
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                                                                    20031014
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                                 20051221
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     JP 2006502722
                          Т
                                20060126
                                            JP 2004-544224
                                                                    20031014
                          A1 ,
     US 2006188878
                                20060824
                                            US 2006-530391
                                                                    20060202
PRAI US 2002-418556P
                          Ρ
                                20021015
     WO 2003-EP11377
                          W
                                20031014
AB
     This invention provides methods to predict the likelihood of occurrence of
     the side effect of edema in patients treated with a drug including, but
     not limited to, a TKI, such as Imatinib or GLEEVEC/GLIVEC. The methods
     employed use gene expression profile comparisons and the determination of
specific
     SNPs and in the \text{IL-}1\beta gene. Methods of treatment of edema and kits
     for the performance of the above assays are also provided.
     152459-95-5, Imatinib 220127-57-1, GLEEVEC
ΙT
     RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (TKI drug therapy; genetic polymorphisms and gene expression
        profiles to predict edema as side effect of tyrosine kinase inhibitor
        drug treatment)
     152459-95-5 CAPLUS
RN
     CN
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pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME).

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 59 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:290903 CAPLUS

DN 141:360256

TI Correlation of major cytogenetic response with a pharmacogenetic marker in chronic myeloid leukemia patients treated with imatinib (STI571)

AU Dressman, Marlene A.; Malinowski, Rachel; McLean, Lee Anne; Gathmann, Insa; Capdeville, Renaud; Hensley, Martee; Polymeropoulos, Mihael H.

CS Clinical Pharmacogenetics Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp., Gaithersburg, MD, USA

SO Clinical Cancer Research (2004), 10(7), 2265-2271 CODEN: CCREF4; ISSN: 1078-0432

PB American Association for Cancer Research

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Imatinib, an inhibitor of the Bcr-Abl tyrosine kinase, is indicated for the treatment of patients with Philadelphia chromosome-pos. chronic myeloid leukemia. We examined genotypes from patients enrolled in the International Randomized Study of IFN- α vs. STI571 to identify factors that associate with cytogenetic response. Sixty-eight polymorphic loci in 26 genes were examined in a subset of 187 patients (imatinib-treated patients, n = 113; IFN + $1-\beta-D$ arabinofuranosylcytosine-treated patients, n = 74). Correlations between genotype and major cytogenetic response (MCyR) were examined by Fisher's exact tests. Multivariate and survival analyses were also performed. A significant association between MCyR and the rs2290573 polymorphism mapped to 15q22.33 was observed in imatinib-treated patients (P = 0.00037, Bonferroni corrected P = 0.025). Individuals with a CC genotype at this locus had a MCvR rate of 52% compared with individuals with a CT or TT genotype that had a MCyR rate of 89% (odds ratio, 6.72; 95% confidence interval, 1.51-29.91). In a multivariate anal., the rs2290573 polymorphism was significant, whereas Sokal score was not. Time to progression anal. illustrated a significant difference based on genotype for the rs2290573 polymorphism. A significant association was identified between the genetic polymorphism rs2290573 and MCyR in imatinib-treated patients. This polymorphism is located in the intronic sequence of a putative gene with a tyrosine kinase domain. Multivariate anal. suggests that an individual's genotype for rs2290573 has more predictive value for MCyR than prognostic variables such as Sokal score. The clin. relevance of these results requires validation in future clin. trials. 152459-95-5, Imatinib IT

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(major cytogenetic response was associated with genetic polymorphism rs2290573 of pharmacogenetic marker putative tyrosine kinase gene DKFZP434C131 in CML patients treated with BCR-ABL tyrosine kinase inhibitor imatinib)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

RE.CNT 12 THERE ARE 12 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

L17 ANSWER 60 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2004:279313 CAPLUS

DN 141:150551

TI Preexistence and evolution of imatinib mesylate-resistant clones in chronic myelogenous leukemia detected by a PNA-based PCR clamping technique. [Erratum to document cited in CA140:022690]

AU Kreuzer, K.-A.; le Coutre, P.; Landt, O.; Na, I.-K.; Schwarz, M.; Schultheis, K.; Hochhaus, A.; Doerken, B.

CS Medizinische Klinik m.S. Haematologie und Onkologie, Universitaetsklinikum Charite, Humboldt-Universitaet zu Berlin, Berlin, 13353, Germany

SO Annals of Hematology (2003), 82(10), 660 CODEN: ANHEE8; ISSN: 0939-5555

PB Springer-Verlag

DT Journal

LA English

AB The first three authors (K.-A. Kreuzer, P. le Coutre, and O. Landt) contributed equally to this work and should all be seen equally as its "first author".

IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU
(Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(preexistence and evolution of imatinib mesylate-resistant clones in chronic myelogenous leukemia detected by PNA-based PCR clamping technique (Erratum))

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

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L17
     ANSWER 61 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2003:837315 CAPLUS
     139:333140
DN
     Single nucleotide polymorphisms and expression markers to
ΤI
     predict patient responsiveness to tyrosine kinase inhibitors in treatment
     of Philadelphia chromosome-related neoplasms
IN
     Dressman, Marlene Michelle; McLean, Lee Anne; Polymeropoulos, Mihael
     Hristos
     Novartis A.-G., Switz.; Novartis Pharma G.m.b.H.
PΑ
SO
     PCT Int. Appl., 136 pp.
     CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                  DATE
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                         A1 20031023 WO 2003-EP4007
PΙ
     WO 2003087404
                                                                  20030416
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     AU 2003227639
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                         A1
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                                          EP 2003-725048
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                         Т
                                20050728
                                          JP 2003-584342
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                         Α1
                                20050728
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                                                                  20030416
PRAI US 2002-373206P
                         P
                                20020417
     US 2002-431583P
                         Ρ
                                20021206
     WO 2003-EP4007
                        W
                                20030416
AΒ
     This invention relates to the use of two form of genomic anal. to predict
     responsiveness of patients with tyrosine kinase responsive such as
     Philadelphia chromosome pos. leukemia to treatment with tyrosine kinase
     inhibitor drugs. Specifically, a set of 55 genes showing altered
     expression in Philadelphia chromosome-pos. cells is described for use in
     gene expression profiling of drug responses and a set of set of single
     nucleotide polymorphisms that show a correlation with a
     therapeutic response to imatinib mesylate are identified.
IT
     220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
    RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (SNPs and expression markers to predict patient responsiveness to
        tyrosine kinase inhibitors in treatment of Philadelphia
        chromosome-related neoplasms)
     220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
    Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-methyl-3-1)methyl]]
CN
    pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
    NAME)
    CM
          1
    CRN
         152459-95-5
         C29 H31 N7 O
    CMF
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Me N
$$\sim$$
 CH \sim CH \sim NH \sim

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- 10/518,213 L17 ANSWER 62 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN 2003:763179 CAPLUS AN DN 140:26188 Uterine sarcomas express KIT protein but lack mutation(s) in exon 11 or 17 TΙ of c-KIT Rushing, R. Scott; Shajahan, Shahin; Chendil, Damodaran; Wilder, James L.; ΑIJ Pulliam, Joseph; Lee, Eun Y.; Ueland, Frederick R.; van Nagell, John R.; Ahmed, Mansoor M.; Lele, Subodh M. CS Division of Gynecologic Oncology, University of Kentucky College of Medicine, Lexington, KY, 40536, USA Gynecologic Oncology (2003), 91(1), 9-14 CODEN: GYNOA3; ISSN: 0090-8258 SO Elsevier Science
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Several tumors express the protein product of the protooncogene c-KIT. Some of these respond to imatinib mesylate, a tyrosine kinase inhibitor. The tumors that respond frequently have mutation(s) in exon 11 of c-KIT that encodes for the regulatory juxtamembrane helix. Some tumors that express KIT protein have mutation(s) in exon 17 of c-KIT; however, these do not respond to imatinib mesylate. This investigation was performed to determine the expression of KIT protein and mutational status of exons 11 and 17 of c-KIT in uterine sarcomas. Twenty-five uterine sarcomas treated from 1990 to 2002 were evaluated. These included 14 malignant mullerian mixed tumors (MMMT), 7 leiomyosarcomas (LMS), 2 endometrial stromal sarcomas (ESS), and 2 high-grade heterologous sarcomas (HGHS). Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections were immunostained with anti-KIT antibody (Santa Cruz Biotechnol., Santa Cruz, CA) with a semiquant. assessment. Normal myometrium when present in the section was used as an internal neg. control. Areas of tumor were microdissected followed by DNA extraction, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) amplification of exons 11 and 17, single-strand conformational polymorphism (SSCP), and DNA sequencing to detect the presence of mutation(s). All 25 tumors expressed KIT protein at varying levels as assessed by immunohistochem. The staining was diffuse and of moderate to strong intensity in 22 tumors. In three tumors (one of each type except MMMT) the staining intensity was weak. In MMMT the epithelial and sarcomatous foci stained similarly. No mutation(s) in exons 11 or 17 of c-KIT were identified in 24/25 tumors. One LMS had deletion of both exons 11 and 17. Although uterine sarcomas express KIT protein, they lack KIT-activating mutation(s) in exon 11 or 17 of c-KIT. Therefore, these tumors are unlikely to respond to imatinib mesylate.
- IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (KIT protein of uterine sarcomas lacking mutation(s) in exon 11 or 17 of gene c-KIT and antitumor agent response thereof)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O



CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 26 THERE ARE 26 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 63 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:575172 CAPLUS

DN 139:390897

TI Presence of the BCR-ABL mutation Glu255Lys prior to STI571 (imatinib) treatment in patients with Ph+ acute lymphoblastic leukemia

AU Hofmann, Wolf-Karsten; Komor, Martina; Wassmann, Barbara; Jones, Letetia C.; Gschaidmeier, Harald; Hoelzer, Dieter; Koeffler, H. Phillip; Ottmann, Oliver G.

CS Department of Hematology, University Hospital, Frankfurt/Main, Germany

SO Blood (2003), 102(2), 659-661

CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971

PB American Society of Hematology

DT Journal

LA English

AB The tyrosine kinase inhibitor STI571 (imatinib) binds competitively to the ATP (ATP) binding site of the ABL kinase, thereby inhibiting auto- and substrate phosphorylation of the oncogenic protein BCR-ABL and preventing the activation of downstream signaling pathways. Comparative studies on leukemic cell samples obtained from chronic myelogenous leukemia (CML) and Philadelphia chromosome-pos. (Ph+) acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) patients before and after treatment with STI571 reported point mutations in resistant samples after a short time of therapy. The aim of this study was to determine whether patients with Ph+ ALL in whom resistance developed as a consequence of the Glu255Lys mutation already harbored this subclone prior to STI571 treatment. First, the migration pattern of cDNAs from 30 bone marrow samples from patients with Ph+ ALL was analyzed by polymerase chain reaction-single strand conformation polymorphism (PCR-SSCP). Thereafter, detailed mutational anal. using genomic DNA was performed on initial STI571-naive bone marrow samples of 4 individuals with Ph+ ALL, for whom the mutation Glu255Lys in association with STI571 treatment had been shown. A 166-bp PCR fragment spanning from nucleotide (nt) 862 to nt 1027 was cloned, and 108 clones per sample were analyzed by direct sequencing. This more sensitive technique revealed the presence of the Glu255Lys mutation in 2 initial samples, one clone each. We identified for the first time the mutation Glu255Lys in STI571-naive leukemic samples of Ph+ ALL patients. The findings suggest that the mutation exists in a very small subpopulation of leukemic cells at the beginning of STI571 therapy.

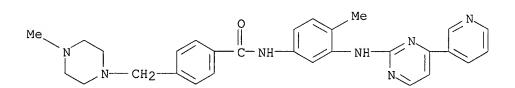
IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(presence of BCR-ABL mutation Glu255Lys prior to STI571 treatment in patients with Ph+ ALL)

RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RE.CNT 11 THERE ARE 11 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT



L17 ANSWER 64 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:519030 CAPLUS

DN 140:36491

 ${\tt TI}$ Sensitive and quantitative detection of mutations associated with clinical resistance to ${\tt STI-571}$

AU Liu, Wei-Hua; Makrigiorgos, G. Mike

CS Dana Farber Cancer Institute, Department of Radiation Oncology, Harvard Medical School, Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SO Leukemia Research (2003), 27(11), 979-982 CODEN: LEREDD; ISSN: 0145-2126

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Resistance to chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) drug STI571 has been associated with point mutations in the kinase domain of BCR-ABL. For example, the mutation T315I (g. 68721C>T) and, to a lesser extent, Y253F (g. 58796A>T) appear in a significant proportion of patients resistant to treatment. Mutations appear intimately related to the development of resistance, and they may pre-exist in a small percentage (<1%) of tumor cells at the time of treatment initiation. Most mutation detection methods, including sequencing, are unable to detect such a small percentage of mutations in a background of wild type sequences. We describe the simplification and modification of a recently developed enhanced PCR-RFLP method, and its application to the detection of T315I and Y253F mutations. The method is quant., can be used in agarose gel or real time PCR formats, and reliably detects 1 mutation-containing cell in a background of almost 1000 non-mutated cells. The increased sensitivity offered by this assay will allow detection of these mutations at an early stage during treatment and will be useful in rational treatment modification and in studies which address the association between these mutations and drug resistance.

IT 220127-57-1, STI 571

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

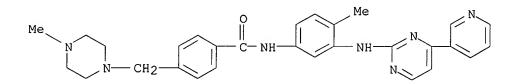
(resistance to; simplified enhanced PCR-RFLP method for detection of two common mutations (T315I and Y253F) in human BCR-ABL gene associated with clin. resistance to STI571)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O



CM 2

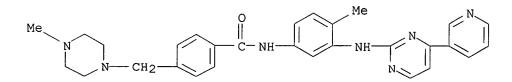
CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S



RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 65 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:377376 CAPLUS
- DN 139:83024
- TI c-kit gene mutation at exon 17 or 13 is very rare in sporadic gastrointestinal stromal tumors
- AU Kinoshita, Kazuo; Isozaki, Koji; Hirota, Seiichi; Nishida, Toshirou; Chen, Hui; Nakahara, Masanori; Nagasawa, Yutaka; Ohashi, Akiko; Shinomura, Yasuhisa; Kitamura, Yukihiko; Matsuzawa, Yuji
- CS Department of Internal Medicine and Molecular Science, Graduate School of Medicine, Osaka University Medical School, Suita, 565-0871, Japan
- SO Journal of Gastroenterology and Hepatology (2003), 18(2), 147-151 CODEN: JGHEEO; ISSN: 0815-9319
- PB Blackwell Publishing Asia Pty Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GIST) are the most common mesenchymal tumors of the human gut. They frequently have gain-of-function mutations of the c-kit gene, which encodes a receptor, tyrosine kinase. The mutations were found at exon 11 in most cases, and either at exon 9 or at exon 13 in rare cases. Recently, we found a family with multiple GIST and a gain-of-function mutation at exon 17. The family was the first reported GIST case with c-kit gene mutation at exon 17 including sporadic GIST. Although we previously reported that the c-kit gene mutation at exon 17 was not detected in 124 sporadic GIST by single-strand conformation polymorphism (SSCP) anal., the mutation at exon 17 observed in the familial GIST was detectable by the use of direct sequencing but not by our SSCP method. In the present study, we examined the mutations at exon 17 and exon 13 by using direct sequencing. Genomic DNA was extracted from formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded GIST tissues. We could obtain 143 sporadic GIST cases appropriate for DNA anal. at exon 17 and 141 at exon 13. Exons 17 and 13 were amplified by using polymerase chain reaction and direct sequencing was conducted. No mutation was found at exon 17, and only one case with the mutation at exon 13 was observed. The GIST with the mutation at exon 13 was large and showed frequent mitosis, and the patient died of the recurrent GIST 3 yr after the first operation. The mutation at exons 17 or 13 was considered to be very rare in sporadic GIST. ΙT 220127-57-1, STI571
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (effect of tyrosine kinase inhibitor STI571 on c-kit gene mutation at exon 17 or 13 in human sporadic gastrointestinal stromal tumors)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O





CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 66 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:362915 CAPLUS
- DN 139:78858
- TI Imatinib therapy for hypereosinophilic syndrome and other eosinophilic disorders
- AU Pardanani, Animesh; Reeder, Terra; Porrata, Luis F.; Li, Chin-Yang; Tazelaar, Henry D.; Baxter, E. Joanna; Witzig, Thomas E.; Cross, Nicholas C. P.; Tefferi, Ayalew
- CS Divisions of Hematology and Internal Medicine, Hematopathology, and Laboratory Medicine and Pathology, Mayo Clinic, Rochester, MN, 55905, USA
- SO Blood (2003), 101(9), 3391-3397 CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971
- PB American Society of Hematology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Imatinib mesylate (Gleevec), a small mol. inhibitor of abl, kit, and platelet-derived growth factor receptor (PDGFR) tyrosine kinases, has been reported to be effective in the treatment of hypereosinophilic syndrome (HES) and a rare eosinophilia-associated chronic myeloid disorder (eos-CMD) characterized by the t(5;12)(q33;p13) cytogenetic abnormality. In the current study, we sought to confirm the preliminary observations in HES as well as evaluate the therapeutic value of imatinib in eos-CMD that is not associated with t(5;12)(q33;p13). Five patients with HES (all men, median age = 46 yr) and 2 with eos-CMD (both men, aged 45 and 58 yr) were treated with imatinib at a starting dose of 100 to 400 mg/day. Cytogenetic studies showed no evidence of either the bcr-abl translocation or t(5;12)(q33;p13) in any patient. Screening of exons encoding the intracellular catalytic domains and extra-cellular ligand binding domains of PDGFR β (exons 2-23) and c-kit (exons 1-21) in 6 patients demonstrated mostly previously known polymorphisms. At a median follow-up of 17 wk (range, 10-33 wk), 2 patients with HES and 1 with eos-CMD have achieved complete clin. remission and 1 addnl. patient with HES has achieved a partial remission. In contrast to previous observations, all 4 responding patients had elevated serum interleukin-5 levels. Although the drug was well tolerated in most patients, a previously unrecognized treatment toxicity of acute left ventricular dysfunction occurred in a responding patient with HES within the first week of treatment. Myocardial biopsy revealed eosinophilic infiltration and degranulation, and the cardiogenic shock was reversed with the prompt institution of corticosteroid therapy.
- IT 220127-57-1, Gleevec
 - RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (imatinib mesylate (Gleevec) for hypereosinophilic syndrome and other eosinophilic disorders)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O



CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 67 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:353042 CAPLUS
- DN 140:22690
- TI Preexistence and evolution of imatinib mesylate-resistant clones in chronic myelogenous leukemia detected by a PNA-based PCR clamping technique
- AU Kreuzer, K.-A.; le Coutre, P.; Landt, O.; Na, I.-K.; Schwarz, M.; Schultheis, K.; Hochhaus, A.; Doerken, B.
- CS Medizinische Klinik m.S. Haematologie und Onkologie, Universitaetsklinikum Charite, Humboldt-Universitaet zu Berlin, Berlin, 13353, Germany
- SO Annals of Hematology (2003), 82(5), 284-289 CODEN: ANHEE8; ISSN: 0939-5555
- PB Springer-Verlag
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AΒ Recently, various mutations within the Abl sequence have been described that neg. affect imatinib binding to Bcr/Abl resulting in cellular resistance of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) cells. So far, little is known as to whether these mutations are preexisting or develop under imatinib therapy as current mutation analyses are limited by a low sensitivity of approx. 1:2 (50%) to 1:5 (20%). By combining peptide nucleic acid (PNA)-based DNA clamping with a fluorescence hybridization probe assay, we developed a new and highly sensitive technique for the detection of known mutations within the Bcr/Abl kinase domain. With this approach we investigated 19 cases of CML refractory to imatinib treatment before and during therapy. By clamping of wild-type Abl through PNA we could effectively enhance the detection sensitivity for the Bcr/Abl mutations Thr315Ile, Glu255Lys, and Tyr253His such that 1 mutant cDNA mol. could be detected in 500 negatives (0.2%). We observed in one case that a Gly255Lys mutation was detectable before treatment. By DNA anal. of buccal swaps, a genetic polymorphism could be excluded. In two cases clonal evolution of known mutations developed gradually under treatment. In another case an initially detectable Tyr253His mutation disappeared after therapy onset but was again observed after 6 wk of imatinib treatment. Preexisting and evolving Bcr/Abl mutations associated with an unfavorable prognosis could be safely detected by the presented technique. This may facilitate risk stratification in CML and may serve as a model for individualized mol. monitoring and therapeutic strategies in other malignant diseases.
- IT 220127-57-1, Imatinib mesylate
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (preexistence and evolution of imatinib mesylate-resistant clones in chronic myelogenous leukemia detected by PNA-based PCR clamping technique)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
 - CM 1
 - CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L17 ANSWER 68 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:206383 CAPLUS

DN 139:94948

TI Lack of c-kit exon 11 activating mutations in c-KIT/CD117-positive SCLC tumour specimens

AU Burger, H.; den Bakker, M. A.; Stoter, G.; Verweij, J.; Nooter, K.

CS Department of Medical Oncology, Erasmus MC, Rotterdam, 3000 DR, Neth.

SO European Journal of Cancer (2003), 39(6), 793-799 CODEN: EJCAEL; ISSN: 0959-8049

PB Elsevier Science Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AΒ Previous studies have shown that STI571, a selective tyrosine kinase inhibitor of c-KIT, is highly effective in c-KIT/CD117-pos. gastrointestinal stromal tumors (GIST), especially those that have activating mutations in the c-kit exon 11 that encodes the juxtamembrane (JM) domain of the c-KIT oncoprotein. We examined the prevalence of activating exon 11 c-kit mutations in 26 small-cell lung cancer (SCLC) cases to explore whether this disease is also a potential target for treatment with STI571. Expression of c-KIT, estimated by immunohistochem., was demonstrated in 14 out of 22 SCLC samples (64%); 9 samples showed moderate to strong staining (41%), 5 samples were weakly pos. (23%), whereas 8 samples (36%) were neg. for CD117. Next, the authors examined the mutational status of exon 11 of the c-kit gene, by single-stranded conformational polymorphism (SSCP) and sequencing in all of the cKIT/CD117-pos. tumors. However, no activating mutations in the c-kit exon 11 were found by either technique. Apparently, c-KIT oncoprotein expression in SCLC was not correlated with activating mutations in c-kit exon 11. In analogy to GISTs, these results could imply that SCLC patients would not benefit from treatment with STI571.

IT 220127-57-1, STI571

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(STI571 without therapeutic effect on small cell lung cancer due to lack of c-kit exon 11 activating mutations)

RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS

CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CM 2

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L17 ANSWER 69 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2003:11148 CAPLUS
- DN 139:78604
- TI Telomere length in peripheral blood granulocytes reflects response to treatment with imatinib in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia
- AU Brummendorf, Tim H.; Ersoz, Inci; Hartmann, Ulrike; Bartolovic, Kerol; Balabanov, Stefan; Wahl, Alexandra; Paschka, Peter; Kreil, Sebastian; Lahaye, Tanja; Berger, Ute; Gschaidmeier, Harald; Bokemeyer, Carsten; Hehimann, Rudiger; Dietz, Klaus; Lansdorp, Peter M.; Kanz, Lothar; Hochhaus, Andreas
- CS Department of Hematology and Oncology, University Medical Center II, Tubingen, 72076, Germany
- SO Blood (2003), 101(1), 375-376 CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971
- PB American Society of Hematology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Age-adjusted telomere length in peripheral blood (PB) granulocytes was correlated with response to treatment with imatinib in chronic myeloid leukemia patients. An association between the duration of imatinib treatment and telomere length in the PB was observed Telomere length in these patients varied depending on the degree of cytogenetic and mol. responses achieved during imatinib therapy. The results reflect a steadily increasing fraction of Philadelphia chromosome-neg. cells (with normal or only slightly reduced telomere length) contributing to the PB cell pool in patients receiving imatinib treatment.
- IT 152459-95-5, Imatinib
 - RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
 - (telomere length in peripheral blood granulocytes reflects response to treatment with imatinib in patients with chronic myeloid leukemia in relation to Philadelphia chromosome)
- RN 152459-95-5 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

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RE.CNT 10 THERE ARE 10 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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L17
      ANSWER 70 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ΑN
      2002:813883 CAPLUS
DN
      137:304767
TI
      Akt and regulation of rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblast apoptosis
IN
      Mountz, John D.; Zhang, Huang-Ge; Xie, Jin-Fu; Liang, Xu; Yang, Pingar;
      Hsu, Hui-Chen
PA
      UAB Research Foundation, USA
      PCT Int. Appl., 35 pp.
SO
      CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
      Patent
      English
LA
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                                                    EP 2002-731374
                                                                               20020416
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               IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
PRAI US 2001-283966P
                            P
                                      20010416
      WO 2002-US11820
                               W
                                      20020416
      The administration of an Akt inhibitor in a suitable carrier to a
AB
      rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblast affords a process for inducing
      rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblast apoptosis. The Akt inhibitor is
      administered either as an active mol. or as a gene sequence expressible
      within rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblast cells. The gene sequence
      can be encompassed within a gene vector such as an adenovirus. A process
      for assaying rheumatoid arthritis drug candidates for apoptosis affect
      includes exposing a culture of rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblast
      cells to a drug candidate and monitoring apoptosis in the culture in the
      presence of the drug candidate. Apoptosis in the culture is compared to
      apoptosis induced in a duplicate culture in the presence of a known Akt
      inhibitor.
      220127-57-1, CGP57148B
IT
      RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
      (Biological study); USES (Uses)
         (Akt and regulation of rheumatoid arthritis synovial fibroblast
         apoptosis)
      220127-57-1 CAPLUS
RN
CN
      Benzamide, 4-[(4-\text{methyl}-1-\text{piperazinyl})\text{methyl}]-N-[4-\text{methyl}-3-[(4-(3-
      pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX
      NAME)
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           1
     CRN 152459-95-5
     CMF C29 H31 N7 O
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CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

- L17 ANSWER 71 OF 71 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
- AN 2002:584678 CAPLUS
- DN 138:180305
- TI Several types of mutations of the abl gene can be found in chronic myeloid leukemia patients resistant to STI571, and they can pre-exist to the onset of treatment
- AU Roche-Lestienne, Catherine; Soenen-Cornu, Valerie; Grardel-Duflos, Nathalie; Lai, Jean-Luc; Philippe, Nathalie; Facon, Thierry; Fenaux, Pierre; Preudhomme, Claude
- CS Unite Inserm U524, Lille, 59045, Fr.
- SO Blood (2002), 100(3), 1014-1018 CODEN: BLOOAW; ISSN: 0006-4971
- PB American Society of Hematology
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Targeting the tyrosine kinase activity of BCR-ABL represents a very promising therapeutic strategy in chronic myeloid leukemia (CML). Despite strong efficacy of the tyrosine kinase inhibitor STI571, resistance has been observed in a significant proportion of patients in advanced CML stage or in Ph-pos. acute lymphoid leukemia (ALL). We investigated in this study the mechanism of resistance to STI571 through point mutations in the tyrosine kinase domain and/or BCR-ABL gene amplification in 24 patients (16 in chronic phase and 8 in accelerated phase of the disease) who obtained no cytogenetic response to STI571 treatment. Screening for the already-described Thr315Ile point mutation in the ABL domain using a reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction restriction fragment length polymorphism (RT-PCR-RFLP) technique, 3 patients showed a proportion of mutated transcript at the time of resistance. The same technique failed to detect mutation at diagnosis, but a specific allele-specific oligonucleotide (ASO)-PCR on DNA for the Thr315Ile mutation and, after sequencing, for 2 newly described Phe311Leu and Met351 Thr substitutions, showed the presence of rare mutated cells prior to STI571 therapy. Furthermore, the increased proportion of mutated cells during treatment detected by ASO-PCR strongly suggested clonal selection by the functional inhibiting effect of these mutations. Finally, no BCR-ABL gene amplification was detected by fluorescent in situ hybridization (FISH) in the 24 STI571-resistant patients. Our data support that in CML patients treated with STI571, ABL mutations are not restricted to the accelerated phase of the disease and that, at least in some cases, mutations seem to occur prior to STI571 therapy, probably as second mutational events during the course of CML.
- IT 220127-57-1, STI571
 - RL: DMA (Drug mechanism of action); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (mutation types of abl gene found in TK inhibitor STI571-resistant chronic myeloid leukemia patients)
- RN 220127-57-1 CAPLUS
- CN Benzamide, 4-[(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)methyl]-N-[4-methyl-3-[[4-(3-pyridinyl)-2-pyrimidinyl]amino]phenyl]-, methanesulfonate (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)
 - CM 1
 - CRN 152459-95-5 CMF C29 H31 N7 O

CRN 75-75-2 CMF C H4 O3 S

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE TOTAL
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